

CIRCULATION YESTERDAY
3,160

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

THE WEATHER
Part cloudy tonight and Wednesday. Mild temperature.

NUMBER 170

VOLUME XIII.

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS TUESDAY EVENING JANUARY 21, 1918

PEACE PRELIMINARIES ARE RAPIDLY DISPOSED OF

By WM. PHILLIP SIMMS
(United Press Staff Correspondent)

PARIS, Jan. 21.—Following a long conference this morning in which the Russian situation was further discussed the supreme war council resumed its session this afternoon in an effort to clean up all preliminary work to permit the general congress to get under way. President Wilson is understood to have been largely instrumental in the "steering committee" in reaching a decision to hold an extra session today. It was reported that the full congress was progressing to such an extent that the full congress would take up the big essential problems of the peace settlement before the end of the week.

SPARTACAN FORCE APPEAR TO HAVE WON AT POLLS IN FIRST GERMAN ELECTION

(By United Press)

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—The Spartacans succeeded in predominating the national election Saturday in several Rhineland towns, it was learned today. In this region the Centrist (church party and German Democrats) also secured some votes. Apparently the country-wide margin of the Majority Socialists in the national assembly was not so seriously affected.

According to latest figures the vote was as follows: Majority Socialists—city of Berlin, Wertenburg, Lorrach, Mecklenburg, Lubeck, northern Schleswig, Hanover, Dresden, Bremen, Hamburg, Chemnitz; Centrists (Coalition of Catholics and Protestants)—eastern Prussia, Bavaria, including Freiburg, Waldshut, Sackingen and Constance; German Democrats—Danzig, Barmen; Independents (Independent Socialists and Spartacans)—Frankfurt on the Main, Brunswick; Nationals—Elberfeld and Magdeburg.

In Berlin the Majority Socialists appeared to have elected 5 to the National Assembly, including Phillip Schiedeman; Independent Socialists 4, including Hugo Haas and Police President Eichorn; German Democrats 2; Centrists, Nationals and Peoples' Party co-operatives, 3.

Later reports showed that Erzberger, Chairman of the German armistice commission and head of the Centrist party, von Payer, former vice Chancellor, Hausmann, and Groeber also had been elected in Berlin. The Majority Socialists won an easy victory in northern Schleswig, one of the first districts to join the revolution.

SENATOR KENYON INTRODUCES BILL FOR \$100,000,000 FOR EMERGENCY LABOR

(By United Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Senator Kenyon today introduced a bill creating an emergency public works to provide immediate work for the unemployed. The bill appropriates \$100,000,000 for the immediate building of public works. It is to be used to enable any state, city or federal agency to locate funds and go ahead with public works now or at any future time when sufficient unemployment exists.

This money would later be returned to the fund so that at all time money would be available for meeting emergency conditions. This money will be allotted to states who in turn will allot it to cities or towns. It is to be repaid in ten years.

PROTESTANT CHURCH CONSOLIDATION

Approval of the establishment of the Interchurch World movement in North America, a co-operative enterprise to federate all Protestant churches, was given at a recent meeting of the Home Missions Council. Similar action has been taken by the Foreign Missions Conference of North America.

It is proposed to conduct an intensive and comprehensive survey of every legitimate church field at home and abroad, "to further the growth of Christian democracy." An educational movement and a financial drive are planned to obtain funds to carry on the worldwide programme.

"When all the denominations now interested formally approve the action of their representatives, this pioneer Protestant unity enterprise will include approximately more than thirty denominations with 200,000 churches in North America," was said after the meeting. "It will affect about 25,000,000 Sunday school pupils."

Among the churches in the movement are the Advent, American Christian, Baptist, Church of God, Congregationalist, Disciples of Christ, Evangelical Lutheran, Friends, Methodist Episcopal, South, Northern Baptist, Episcopalian, Protestant Episcopal, Reformed, Reformed Episcopal, United Brethren in Christ, United Construction Co., N. Y. C. round building which she has been photographed with her dogs or horses.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

A Worcester woman is New England's first woman bank director.

More than half a hundred daily newspapers in the United States now employ women as city editors.

Careful observation has established the fact that the average woman eats a fifth less than the average man.

English women are discussing the most appropriate form of celebration for the Queen Victoria centenary next May.

Service on the county grand jury is a new privilege to be accorded to women of Los Angeles and its vicinity.

As a result of successful experiments during the war London purposes to establish a permanent force of women police.

Women managers are being tried out by a large corporation operating a chain of dairy lunch rooms in the Eastern cities.

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CLOSE-UP VIEW OF RAILROAD SHOPMEN WILL ORGANIZE 'PREMIER' KERENSKY

By EDWIN HULLINGER
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

LONDON, Dec. 26. (By Mail).—Alexander Kerensky, former dictator of Russia, is living quietly in the home of a friend on Cambridge Stairs Terrace, by Regent Park, in London. In his little study, which he occupies a large part of the day, he is preparing his memoirs, re-reading and re-studying documents which one represented the destiny of Russia, and dictating to his Russian stenographer, who can write shorthand in four languages.

Kerensky has just finished a book on the Korniloff mutiny. He seldom goes outside his friend's beautiful, cozy house. Once every day he walks alone through the winding, graveled paths of Regent Park just across the road.

He likes music, plays the piano fairly well, and sings. He knows by heart an enormous volume of Russian vocal music. Often he sits at the piano in the little parlor on the second story, and sings through one Russian master after another.

Sometimes he stops singing to think of his wife and two little boys, hostages in Moscow, imprisoned by the Bolsheviks soon after the great debacle, and later released from prison when Mrs. Kerensky signed a pledge they would not leave Russia.

It is an exquisite little room, this second-floor parlor, finished in gray, with a monster white polar bear rug on the middle of the floor, several big gray-upholstered cushiony armchairs, and a wonderful couch into which you sink as into a feather bed when you hit down.

One wall is a bank of French windows, through which creep the gray lights of a London day. A fire in a fireplace at one end gives a honey touch to the scene.

Kerensky was a lawyer in Russia before the revolution. He is still interested in law and devotes part of his time to legal questions.

He is a man of remarkable personality. He has a smile that wins you at first meeting, a real, friendly-like smile that convinces you right away he is interested in you. He is direct and unaffected. He talks immediately to the point, like an American business man, without flourish.

He has a wonderful reserve power. His face is sensitive and extremely expressive. He can look the most delightfully amused moment and the next the most tremendously sober. Like most leaders of men, he focuses his mind completely upon each separate incident, and never allows his perception of the present instant to be clouded by hang-over impressions from the past.

PACKER ARMOUR WAXES WROTHY

By Raymond Clapper
United Press Staff Correspondent

Washington, Jan. 21.—Flatly denying charges of conspiracy with other packers J. Ogden Armour replied to the charges of the Federal Trade Commission today. Testifying before the House Inter-State Commerce Committee he made a defense of his concern's business contracts. Armour in a sweeping denial said, "I say to you positively that we have not been and will not be in any pool or arrangement of any kind, either directly or indirectly, secretly or under cover. All such charges are utterly unfair and untrue." Armour made the Federal Trade Commission his target at the recent investigation by Francis J. Heney. This is Armour's first appearance before a government body. His company has never been given a chance to answer the accusations, he said.

MARITAL LAW FOR PORTUGAL

Madrid, Jan. 21.—Marital law has been proclaimed through-out Portugal according to reports reaching here today. Rumors were being circulated here of a proposed intervention by Spain. War ships have been sent to Oporto the strong hold of the monarchy.

JUDGE JOHN B. McPHERSON, DEAD

OF U. S. CIRCUIT COURT, DEAD

Philadelphia, Jan. 21.—Judge John B. McPherson, aged 72, of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Third District, died here last night after an illness of three months of a general breakdown.

Judge McPherson began his career on the bench in 1882, when he was appointed a judge of the Common Pleas Court in the Dauphin-Lebanon district. In 1889 he was appointed judge of the United States Circuit Court of the Eastern district of Pennsylvania, and 13 years later was promoted to the Circuit Court of Appeals. He was recognized as an authority on insurance and the law of evidence.

By recent decision of the minimum wage board, women laundry workers in British Columbia are to be paid not less than \$13.50 per week.

Queen Mother Alexandra is a devoted lover of animals, which probably accounts for the frequency with which she has been photographed with her dogs or horses.

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An open mass meeting will be held Wednesday evening, January 22 at eight o'clock in the K. of P. hall 229-31 Market street of the round-house men and other railroad employees in the local shops. Methods and principles of organization will be discussed by representatives of the American Federation of Railroad Workers and the vast organization of the government which has been built to deal promptly and adequately with all labor problems that may arise.

One of the outstanding features of government control of the railroads from the standpoint of labor has been the free and unrestricted right of all employees to organize, which is expressly conferred in the famous General Order No. 8 and the local shopmen are availing themselves of the provisions of this order to become organized so that they too may be represented and in a position to adjust complaints and grievances in accordance with the procedure laid down by the government.

Buenos Aires, Dec. 15.—In all the turmoil of Argentine politics there is one issue that never will elect or defeat a candidate. That issue is prohibition. It is not really an issue in this country, and the only people who talk about it are Americans who plan to go home soon.

Buenos Aires is a "wide-open town" so far as liquor is concerned. Tots graduate from milk to wine, in a manner much the same as that employed by a North American mother, who permits her 2 year old to sip a little weakened tea or coffee.

No child in school or Sunday school is warned of the terrible consequences of drink, and since drinking is not a daring thing, but merely a commonplace, youths of the adventurous age take no interest in drinking.

There are many bars in Buenos Aires fashionable and otherwise. Unlike the North American emporiums, nobody stands up and drinks, so the "third rail" is an unknown term here. The Argentine people drink at tables. If they do not care for anything stronger they take coffee, tea or lemonade. The sight of a woman in a bar is common and her presence there is considered highly respectable if she is accompanied by a male escort. In the better class bars the tables are spread for tea late every afternoon, and the function resembles a similar occasion at any large New York hotel at the same hour.

Drinking in a Buenos Aires bar is a relaxation not a pastime or a profession. That is why the spike-helmeted, sword-wearing Buenos Aires policemen never have to pry bibulous gentlemen from lamp posts or induce others to go home, instead of spending the rest of the night slumbering in the gutter.

Everyone drinks with his meals. Few drink whiskey, gin or rum at any time. Wine is cheap and popular. Once in a great while some occasion arises that the people feel must be properly and modestly celebrated, and then there is a slight straying from the straight and narrow.

Mooley got over the flu and rascally bawled District 32. The firemen were promptly on the go but the fog was so thick they had to send the axe crew ahead of the machines to hew a road through. After much labor a tunnel was driven through the West Pine street and the fire finally located on the roof of the residence of Mrs. William Meise located just off West Pine street, midway between Weaver and William streets.

A few buckets of water and the hand chemical tank of the Third Ward boys soon put the fire out of commission with very slight loss.

The neighbors over that way were very much excited when the firemen appeared in their neighborhood and nobody could locate the fire on account of the fog.

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GOVERNOR WILLIAM C. SPROUL TAKES HIS OFFICE AT HARRISBURG TODAY

FAILED TO STIFLE FRENCH LANGUAGE

By Frank J. Taylor
Strassburg, Dec. 17.—German efforts to stifle the French nationality in Alsace and Lorraine by prohibiting the use of the French language have not succeeded. French came back the day the Germans signed the armistice, to the surprise of many German officials.

During the war it has been strictly prohibited to use a single word of French. Numbers of cases are cited to you in Colmar and Strassburg of men and women serving periods of several days in jail for greeting friends with the French "Bon jour."

But "verboten" edicts have failed to stop the language from prospering. Little tots not more than 4 and 5 years old who could not talk when the anti-French edict went into effect speak French among themselves, and sing French songs at the top of their voices.

They have been taught in secret, and many families have suffered punishment for their French conversations, but they refused to be squelched. Numbers of people speak German more commonly than French however, though they protest that it is Alsatian they are using. Before the war French was allowed in schools for one hour a day only.

Metz is perhaps the most German city of all Alsace-Lorraine. This is explained by the fact that it was border headquarters for Germans, numbers of whom held government positions, which they had monopolized at the expense of the Alsatians. German smugglers and merchants formed a large factor in the population.

TRUCK AND WAGON COLLIDE

The heavy fog this morning was responsible for an accident which occurred on Ogden avenue between 8 and 9 o'clock. One of the coal trucks of the Penn. Elec. Coal company ran into one of E. B. Leas' wagons and threw the driver Matthew John Duckett to the brick street. One of the wheels of the wagon passed over the prostrate man and he was painfully cut and bruised.

The injured man was carried into a nearby house and his injuries looked after. He was later taken to the Clearfield Hospital where it was found that while painfully hurt his injuries are not serious.

HEAVY FOG HID FIRE THIS MORN'G

Talk about the search of old Diogenes and his lantern, looking for a needle in a haystack or peering thru the knothole in father's wooden leg at these famous hunting parties were as nothing compared to the difficulty the firemen experienced this morning about 9 o'clock when the fire alarm was sounded.

Mooley got over the flu and rascally bawled District 32. The firemen were promptly on the go but the fog was so thick they had to send the axe crew ahead of the machines to hew a road through. After much labor a tunnel was driven through the West Pine street and the fire finally located on the roof of the residence of Mrs. William Meise located just off West Pine street, midway between Weaver and William streets.

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STOCK MARKET IRREGULAR

New York, Jan. 23.—Prices were generally irregular at the opening of the stock market today. United States Steel opened unchanged at 89. Mexican Petroleum 170 up 12. Crucible Steel 52 1/2 off 1/4. Baldwin 66 1/2.

I saw it in The Progress

FAVORS DEMOCRACY MADE IN AMERICA, BETTER SCHOOLS, GOOD ROADS AND DRY AMENDMENT'S RATIFICATION

THE ABLEST GOVERNOR IN YEARS

(By United Press)

HARRISBURG, Jan. 21.—During the speech which followed his induction into office Lieut. Governor Beidleman said "It will be my aim throughout my term of office to have this Legislature adopt only such legislation as is necessary, and to repeal all laws that are not necessary and are valueless. It is well known that (will be a member of the Board of Pardons and I want to say that there will be no general jail delivery of prisoners."

Rev. Dr. Joseph Swayne of Swarthmore College delivered the invocation prior to the inaugural. Senator Wm. E. Crow, of Ontonagon, was master of ceremonies.

After the oath of office was administered to Governor Sproul Lieut. Governor Beidleman officially declared him to be governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. At 12:05 Governor Sproul began his inaugural address. The day was an admirable one. The inaugural address in part follows:

My Fellow Citizens: Having taken the obligation necessary or my induction into the great office to which you have called me, please permit me, before we enter upon a discussion of the issues of the time, to return my grateful acknowledgment of your confidence and trust and to express the profound feeling of responsibility and the grave sense of respect and devotion with which I accept the service. A long experience in the Senate of the Commonwealth has given me, I believe, a full realization of the importance of the duties of the Governorship and has not lessened my appreciation of the problems and difficulties confronting the incumbent. With a pride, however, in Pennsylvania, her history and her institutions, which is reverential, with full dependence on the sound judgment and the patriotism of our citizens, and in abiding faith in the Divine Power, which has so blessed us always, I take up the administration of your affairs hopefully and courageously.

These are wonderful times in which we are living. Events of tremendous effect upon the political and social structures of mankind that, in ordinary times, would be appalling are happening with such frequency that we accept them almost without surprise. The great war came to an end quickly and triumphantly for us, but it has left in its stead new problems and new perils, more menacing to true Democracy and to civilization than anything that history records. Here, in the peaceful capital of this mighty state, with all in good taste and good order about us, with our people attending quietly to their affairs and their government hanging hands according to their expressed choice and as ordained by their laws, it is difficult for us to visualize the wave of disorder and destruction which is sweeping over a large part of the civilized world, engulfing races and nations and tumbling them about in confusion and chaos. Ambitious anarchists have seized the opportunity to exploit systems of social tyranny unheard of in their brutal harshness, and malign adventurers with terrorism as their weapon have usurped the chief power in many lands and are defiling the sanctuaries of the people and plundering and killing at will. Some of the more ambitious of these international revolutionists, absolutely without conception of our governmental organization, our national ideals or our individual spirit, have even undertaken to create unrest and to promote treason in this country and in this State, through cunning propaganda and diabolical crimes.

No government which could be devised by sane men would suit these anarchists. They are arrayed against all government and all restraint. They are enemies of civilization and of the church of God. They respect no law, but insist upon license to do as they please without regard to the rights, the property, the religion or even the lives of others. Their leaders avow that they have no affection for the land that gave them birth nor for the nation which sheltered them and gave them asylum from persecution abroad. That such a doctrine should obtain a foothold in the United States is unthinkable, and yet there are abundant evidences of its malevolent activities here. The "missionary fund" gathered from the looted treasures of Russia is already having its effect in certain directions in stirring up the mercenaries of agitation and in inspiring specious writings from some of the half-baked social philosophers who feed upon excitement and turmoil. Retained to spread hatred of everything that appears like thrift, a contentment or love of country, these disturbers will make some headway—they will attempt to capitalize the industrial difficulties growing out of the readjustment, and they may attract to their malicious cause some of the restless, the ignorant, the unfit, the irresponsible and the criminal. While the followers of this brutal cult will at no time be numerous, as compared with the great body of sober, sensible, sound-minded Americans, they will be insidious, and will impress some of the timid and the unreasoning, even among our statesmen, with their strength.

This political distemper, called Bolshevism, has had its origin in countries where ignorance and force prevailed and where there was lack of opportunity for the deserving and lack of care for the unfortunate. There is no room for it to grow in an enlightened state where the rights of the humblest and of the strongest are like guarded and the door of opportunity open to all who seek it. The antidote for this social infection, as we shall apply it in Pennsylvania, is good public administration, the best of popular education; generous, progressive humane laws, and thorough justice, backed by an alert, forceful and God-fearing public sentiment. Pennsylvanians are resolutely patriotic; they have a love of country and a faith in its institutions that is proverbial; they have a just pride in their State and a respect for their communities and their homes. Our people want no mongrel government, devised by

(Continued On Page Two)

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

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TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 21, 1918.

HOW THE HABIT GREW

"Before the prohibition road-roller passed over the country were Americans drinking more or less than in the 'good old days' which some of us extol and others decry?

In 1850 the per capita consumption of liquor—distilled spirits, wines and malt liquors—in this country was about four gallons.

In 1917 the per capita consumption was about eighteen gallons.

In 1897 this country produced approximately 1,200,000 gallons of gin. In 1907 the figure was nearly 3,000,000. By 1917 it was almost 6,000,000.

In 1897 the whisky total was very nearly 10,400,000 gallons. In 1907 it was about 56,500,000. By 1917 it was about a million gallons more. The peak for whisky was reached with over 100,000,000 gallons in 1911.

It is estimated that in 1918 there were 50,184,594 barrels of beer brewed in the United States, as against 60,817,379 barrel the year before.

In 1918 Pennsylvania was second among the States in beer brewing, with an output of 8,174,457 barrels, as compared with New York's 13,198,400.

Wisconsin stood only fifth, with 4,919,014 barrels. A beer barrel holds thirty-one gallons."

WHAT THE REGISTRATION SHOWS

According to the records of the first registration held in Clearfield county on June 5, 1917, there were in round numbers 840 men between the ages of 21 and 31 in the county. Of this total 1400 were aliens.

This and the subsequent registration showed the available man power in District 1 of Clearfield county between the ages of 19 to 34 inclusive to be 7300.

The questionnaires filed developed the fact that twenty-one and one-fourth per cent, or 1466 were foreign born. Of this nearly one-fourth of the grand total five and one-seventh per cent, or 377 were naturalized, while four and eight-tenths per cent, or 355 had declared their intention to become citizens. This left eleven and one-fourth per cent, or 822 of these foreign-born who were also aliens and appeared to want to remain so.

Now that the completed record is available showing who these parasitical aliens are, where they are located, how long they have been here and how much of the advantages they have gained from enjoying the benefits and privileges of residence in this glorious country of ours, isn't it about time for our national law makers to get busy. We now have a law to prevent many undesirable from getting into our country, let us have a law now to make those already in either assume the obligations of citizenship, after proving their capability for same, or else fire them back whence they came.

It is possible now to locate every undesirable in the country let us have the power to make him respect our citizenship or to send him out of the country.

COMPENSATION ONLY FOR DEPENDENTS

In order to correct a misunderstanding over insurance and compensation, Secretary Glass, U. S. Treasury department, has authorized the Pennsylvania Council of National Defense to announce that War Risk Insurance is payable to properly named beneficiaries of service men who may not be actually dependent upon the insured men.

On the other hand, compensation is separate and apart from insurance and takes the place of the pensions given.

provided under the old pension system. It is payable only to a wife, child, dependent mother or dependent father of a man who is disabled or dies as a result of injuries suffered or disease contracted in the line of duty, while employed in the active service. No dependency need be shown by any beneficiary in order to receive government insurance, but dependency must be shown in order to receive compensation.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Sheldrich, of Crystal Spring shopped in town today.

GOVERNOR WILLIAM C. SPROUL TAKES HIS OFFICE AT HARRISBURG TODAY

(Continued From Page One)

fanatics foreign to us in speech, in vision and in purpose, without tradition and without faith, envious of our national strength and prosperity and anxious to disrupt us as a nation and paralyze us as a people. We want to develop our Democracy, made in America, for America's needs and America's great destiny. We will not give this splendid Republic away to its enemies.

But confident as we are of our national safety, we must not ignore the menace in our midst. After having made sure that we have done those things which should be done to ensure to our citizens those blessings that the government belonging to them should give them, we must not tolerate the social wild-men who would overthrow our Republic. The government at Washington must be alert in protecting us against an invasion through our ports of those who seek to destroy this nation, and must assist in hunting out and returning to the lands from which they came, those who are not satisfied to become Americans and will not accept our guarantees of justice and liberty. Here in Pennsylvania every power of the State must be used, first by beneficent enactment and administration to give every man, woman and child who shall deserve it a stake in the Commonwealth, and then to repress vigorously and effectively those who would injure or destroy our institutions and our true freedom. Eternal vigilance is still the price of liberty, and I earnestly call upon our people to be vigilant and determined in meeting the issues which must come up to us, to respect their own laws and to uphold the administration of them. Peace, orderly government and liberty, regulated by law, are prime essentials for the prosperity and happiness of all of us.

CO-OPERATION IN GOVERNMENT

Thus early in my executive career, I desire to say that having submitted my candidacy for Governor to the people, at the primary election, upon a declaration of purpose, or a platform as we call it, and having reiterated this declaration before the general election, I feel that my course of action in office should follow as nearly as may well be, the principles upon which my candidacy was based. I desire particularly to say now to those who will be my associates in the government, that I am more than ever convinced that a policy of co-operation and not of coercion is the proper basis for our relations. To the members of the two houses of the Legislature, whom I meet here today in joint gathering for the first time at this session, may I say, that after participating as a member in thirteen sessions of the General Assembly, I have not only thorough appreciation but complete respect for the positions you occupy, the responsibilities you assume and the rights you possess. It is the duty of the Governor to recommend to the Legislature such measures as he may deem necessary or important. This duty he may not disregard. I shall feel free to address you upon public matters whenever it seems desirable that I should do so, and I shall urge your consideration of and action upon matters which are essential to the program of progress and efficiency to which we are committed. But it was never intended that the political power of the executive should be used to control legislation or to influence or dominate political action. The exercise of such power in the State or nation is dangerous and the growth of his practice gives concern to far-seeing patriots. That it is in conflict with the underlying principles of our form of government and is subversive of the constitution, I firmly believe. The absolute integrity and independence of the three great divisions of our governmental organization is essential in the system of checks and balances which preserve our rights and have made our constitutional administration so successful and so permanent. We must get back to first principles in many ways, but in none more certainly than in this. I fervently desire and thoroughly rely upon your broad-minded co-operation and assistance in the important matters which we together must handle. If I cannot deserve this co-operation upon your part I shall not try to compel it by any threatening use of the power temporarily placed in my hands. Let us work together in entire confidence and real earnestness to perform our solemn duties, with no masters to serve but the people of Pennsylvania, who have trusted us so completely.

EDUCATION

Pennsylvanians have ever been proud of their public schools, and it is always more or less of a shock when we are forced to contemplate the statistics which show that Pennsylvania is not in the foremost rank among the States in the general efficiency of its school system. While the standards by which such ratings are measured are not always practical and the authorities quoted are by no means infallible, it is nevertheless a fact that public education in Pennsylvania is not so highly developed as it is in some other places. This is not as it should be, and the direct practical remedy is expressed in the need of more money for school purposes and a better, more up-to-date school organization. The State of Pennsylvania appropriates more to the support of its public schools than any other State, but it does not give more per capita than any other State. While the funds voted by the Legislature from the State Treasury are generous, the total sum raised in the state through local taxation is materially lower than in several others among the better organized States in the Union.

The question of the compensation of teachers has become a serious one and the general movement for better pay for those deserving public servants has the support of everyone who has given the matter any thought. One of the propositions advanced demands a horizontal increase of twenty-five per cent, in teachers' salaries at the sole expense of the State, and would provide for a direct appropriation of the required amount from the State Treasury. Of course, this is not practicable for many reasons, the first and principal one of which is that such a plan would take so large a proportion of the total revenues of the State, available or obtainable, that there would be little left for any of the other activities of the government. I do not believe, moreover, that an arbitrary increase of a fixed percentage upon all salaries is what is most needed. My opinion is firmly fixed that in the case of the underpaid primary teacher and the rural teacher, the increase should be upon a much higher percentage than that to be allowed

(Continued On Page Four)

Used Cars For Sale

BUICK, 1917 Model, 5-passenger, in first class condition.

Overland Model 99. 5-Passenger touring. In A-1 shape.

CHEAP TO QUICK BUYERS

Market St. Auto Sales Co.

The Garage At The End Of The Bridge
Clearfield, Pa.

We are opposed to the freedom of the sneeze.

What was done with peach pits and coconut shells before the war?

Germany is making bread out of spruce wood, but the Germans don't pine for it.

Just now the world seems to be made up of two kinds of people—heroes and zeros.

Saving the world for democracy ought to teach America the value of the saving habit.

The fact that the "flu" is being taken seriously is indicated in the surcease of puns about it.

If overexertion were the only cause of influenza, a large part of every community would be immune.

King Boris of Bulgaria quit after reigning one month. A month is too long for a king these days.

A bit of cold weather with some enforced exercise with the coal shovel will quickly dispel the "flu."

The first question a barber asks a hair-cut customer who shaves himself is whether he wants a shave.

In years gone by Europe professed to pay very little attention to American statesmanship. It is different now.

The difference between the common grip and the Spanish influenza is that the influenza lets go with both barrels.

Spain is now rid of the influenza. Considering what we have over here there is no reason to doubt the statement.

If riches accumulated as fast as soot in a soft coal burning furnace there would be no poverty in this world.

Everyone can be a fuel administrator of sorts by turning off the steam in the radiator whenever it is not really needed.

The pasha who heads the new Turkish cabinet has a first name of Tewfik. Say it fast and it sounds like a dental ailment.

The woman who expects to be able to buy all the sugar she wants the next day after peace is arranged will be sorely disappointed.

One of the remarkable facts of current history is the encouraging way everything recovers after it is officially probed for whatever is wrong.

Ostend can now prepare to resume its regular summer resort business. It will be a fine place for soldiers on leave if it is thoroughly fumigated.

It is said that kissing is not permitted in the navy. No, and we recall in the old days it wasn't permitted in the best girl's parlor, but it happened.

If those influenza germs are as minute as the scientists claim, they must be about the size of shyster lawyers who stir up couples to get divorced.

Even the Chinese are adopting rigorous measures of conservation. The latest fashionable wedding ceremony in the far East was cut down to two days.

Butter will be restricted to one-half ounce to each diner. A lot of restaurants will have to make their portions bigger to reach the half-ounce ration.

It is almost a supreme tribute to pay to a youth's fighting propensity when you say he would rather fight than eat. We believe in some cases it is a rank exaggeration.

The influenza germ can be avoided by using a mask. When so simple a precaution suffices, the element of carelessness must figure as a factor in future cases.

Suppers, teas, lunches and banquets are now officially regarded as unpatriotic, which will be a great help to a lot of people who have long regarded them as a bore.

To the docile husband, trained and accustomed to finding stray needles in all the cushions he seeks to occupy, the present scarcity of needles is not without its compensating features.

The government hereafter will buy beef on the basis of quality instead of by weight. That's the idea. It is better to be shortweighed than to have the hunk stuff indicated upon the soldiers.

No more cheese will be allowed on the free lunch counters of New York saloons, and probably more than one burly boarder has already set up a yell against the poor service of the house.

When you answer a letter use the other side of it for your carbon copy of the answer. Incidentally if the other fellow wrote on both sides of the paper anyway, it's possible from profanity.

One of the posers of this war will be the expanding from the code of nations of the old principle, invented by the first man, "Each for himself, and the devil take the hindmost." For there can't be any hindmost. Hindmost will march ahead.

Mrs. J. L. R. Heidhold and daughter Frances left to spend a few days with friends in Pittsburgh.

AUNT JEMIMA'S PANCAKE FLOUR



AUNT JEMIMA'S BUCKWHEAT FLOUR

Ask Your Grocer

Read The Progress Advertisements

Gurney Heaters

Cut Down Coal Bills

The scientific arrangement of the flues and the fire box, the draft regulator, the accessibility of the soot cleaning arrangements—each contributes its part to the efficiency of the GURNEY HEATER.

With the coldest weather of the winter yet to come and the increasing care that you must exercise in your home heating would it not be well if our man who understands such things dropped around to your home and made estimates?

WILLIAM F. POWELL

Second Street

Clearfield, Pa.

RUMFORD

THE WHOLESOME BAKING POWDER



Not only makes your cakes and hot breads lighter, of finer texture and delicious flavor, but at a reasonable cost.

READ THE PROGRESS

NEW STORE

AT O'SHANTER

Having purchased the stock of the Robert Lind store at O'Shanter I solicit the trade of that community.

I have added flour, feed and an entire new stock of groceries and will be able to supply the general trade.

Later I expect to add dry goods, notions, etc., and make a general store of it.

Quick delivery on all items purchased is guaranteed.

Geo. L. Ammerman
O'Shanter, Pa.

Don't Part With Your LIBERTY BONDS!

When you bought your bonds you lent your money to the Government that you might "do your part". You gave the Government at home and the boys "over there" tangible evidence of your support. You shared the burden of those in other lands who are heavily laden.

KEEP YOUR BONDS for the same reasons.

To dispose of them, except in case of dire necessity, is unpatriotic—just as much so as not to buy!

Furthermore, Liberty Bonds are an insurance for your future.

KEEP YOUR LIBERTY BONDS!



Classified Ads For Everybody

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Three pairs of heavy bob-sleds and two 26 in gauge mine cars. All new. Inquire of W. D. Walker & Brother, Bigler. J10-17

FOR SALE—Household goods for sale. Drssers, beds, mattresses and other useful articles. Call H. & C 155x J14-14c

FOR SALE—Ten tons of new hay in the barn. Call E. E. Lewis, Glen Richey, Pa. J16-61c

FOR SALE—Cherry dining table and sideboard for sale. In excellent condition. May be seen at the residence of George Reel, South Second street. J18-61c

FOR SALE—Fresh cows, at the Stone House farm. James Mitchell 209 Walnut street, Clearfield J18 14c

FOR SALE—Large old brick house, corner Turnpike avenue and Martin streets. Electric light, hot water heating system and all modern conveniences. Lot has frontage of 141 feet on each street. Good reason for selling. Apply to W. C. Cowdrick, H. & C. phone 435x. J20-14

FOR SALE—A 1918 Oakland touring car is A1 condition, used very little. Inquire on Bell phone 33x. J20-61p

FOR SALE—I will dispose of the following articles at public auction on January 24, 1919 at the Z. L. Ardary farm near Dumleng station, 20 bushels potatoes, 3 cooking stoves, 1 heating stove, a quantity of canned fruit, 2 beds, springs and mattresses, 1 dining table, 1 cupboard, 1 chiffonier 125 pounds wheat flour, 1 churn, 1 stand, 1-2 dozen chairs, 2 rocking chairs and other articles too numerous to mention. Mrs. Phebe Page. J21-21-pd.

HELP WANTED

YOUNG MEN, 16 and over, are eligible for government Railway Mail clerks. \$92 month. Examination soon. For free particulars, write J. C. Leonard (former Civil Service Examiner) 634 Kenos building, Washington. J17-51p

WANTED—Janitor wanted for several offices. Apply room No. 34 Third floor, Trust building, Clearfield J21-31c

WANTED

WANTED—Light housework. H & C. 313x4. J18-11p

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms suitable for light house-keeping for man and wife. No children. Call H. & C. phone 152x. J29-31p

EVANGELISTIC SERVICES AT BAPTIST CHURCH

The special evangelistic service which began Sunday in the First Baptist church will be continued indefinitely. The service have been arranged as to be of particular interest and value to all classes.

The song service will begin tonight at 7:30 followed by a message on the old time gospel. The meetings will be featured by special messages, in song.

All are invited to attend.

SECOND BIG FIRE AT CORRY

Corry, Jan. 23—Another bad blaze visited this town this morning when the United States Chair company plant was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$100,000. It was the second bad fire in 24 hours. 150 men were thrown out of employment. An incendiary was blamed for the blaze and a rigid restriction is under way.

When

you think of Life Insurance remember we have represented one company for 33 years. Ask us.

Helmhold & Stewart
Snyder Block

TODAY'S CASUALTIES

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American Expeditionary forces today:

The following Pennsylvanians are a today's list:

SECTION ONE

Wounded severely 63

Wounded Severely
Lieutenant
John J. Owens, Philadelphia.
Corporal
Fred Cole, Pottsville.
Privates
Frank Grazioplene, McKeesport
Darwin Wood, White Haven.

SECTION TWO

Killed in action 27
Died from wounds 11
Died of accident and other causes 6
Died of disease 25
Missing in action 10

Total 82

Died of Wounds
Privates
Joseph S. Gorgol, Scranton
William J. Plower, Pittsburg
Joseph Whinnie, Pico.

MARINE CORPS CASUALTIES

Killed in action 5
Died of wounds 5
Died of disease 5
Wounded severely 11
Wounded slightly 1
Missing in action 1

Total 31

Killed in Action
Private
Andrew Auwerter, Columbia.
Sick in Hospital, Previously Reported
Missing
Private
Miles H. Carey, Philadelphia.
Present for Duty, Previously Reported
Missing in Action
Private
Ralph Wolf, Pittsburgh.

The following cable corrections are issued as an appendix to the regular casualty lists at the request of the several press associations:
Killed in Action, Previously Reported
Missing in Action
Sergeant
Thomas J. Chase, Kingston.
Privates
Henry B. Crawford, Fairmont City.
Wounded Severely in Action, Previously Reported Missing in Action
Private
Claude M. Hayner, Clermont.
Wounded Slightly in Action, Previously Reported Missing in Action
Corporals
William H. Deswick, McKeesport.
Wounded (Degree Undetermined)
Previously Reported Missing in Action
Privates
Jesse Clark, Hyane.

Wounded Slightly
Private
Claude M. Hayner, Clermont.
Wounded Slightly in Action, Previously Reported Missing in Action
Corporals
William H. Deswick, McKeesport.
Wounded (Degree Undetermined)
Previously Reported Missing in Action
Privates
Jesse Clark, Hyane.

DON'T FUSS WITH MUSTARD PLASTERS!

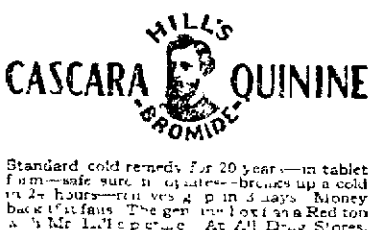
Musterole Works Easier, Quicker and Without the Blister

There's no sense in mixing a mess of mustard, flour and water when you can easily relieve pain, soreness or stiffness with a little clean, white Musterole. Musterole is made of pure oil of mustard and other helpful ingredients, combined in the form of the present white ointment. It takes the place of out-of-date mustard plasters, and will not blister. Musterole usually gives prompt relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). 30c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50.



Spanish Influenza can be prevented easier than it can be cured.

At the first sign of a shiver or sneeze, take



John E. Corley, Manns Choice
Theodore Rietzinger, Philadelphia
Sick in Hospital, Previously Reported
Missing in Action
Privates
John M. Cumming, Philadelphia
Returned to Duty, Previously Reported
Missing in Action
Corporal
Earl B. Commins, Pittsburgh.
Privates
John E. Anderson, Monaca
Peter Moizarch, Duquesne
Lue Rose, Sharpville.
Charles M. Stopp, Pittsburgh.

ALTOONA TEAM DEFEATS CLEARFIELD IN BOWLING

The Altoona team defeated Clearfield last Saturday evening in an exciting match by 91 pins.

Summers from Altoona was high man with 539 pins, with Snyder second with 526. H. Roscherry was high man for Clearfield with 495 pins an average of 163. Clair Ennis rolled the highest individual score of 217.

The Altoona team is a fine team and it is made up of a fine bunch of men. The Clearfield team was very much pleased at the treatment shown them.

The Clearfield team will play the Altoona Machine Shop team at Clearfield next Saturday evening, January 25 and will play the Juniata Car Shop team at Clearfield on February 1.

	Altoona		Clearfield
Summers	185	175	179
McNulty Capt	161	159	164
Shaw	153	180	126
Snyder	187	185	154
Bickel	157	156	164
			2488

	Altoona		Clearfield
Wallace	153	1140	195
H. Roscherry	170	183	162
Loeffler	158	130	169
Ennis	130	217	130
R. Roscherry	164	140	173
			2391

Substitutions—Clearfield, Fletcher for Ennis, 7th frame, 3d game.
Scorers, Lions, Altoona; Fletcher, Clearfield. Umpire Yungling, Juniata.

PROHIBITION EIGHTEENTH OF AMENDMENT PASSED

The prohibition amendment is the eighteenth added to the federal constitution.

Provisions of the eighteen amendments, with the length of time taken for ratification follow:

First ten amendments, known as the "bill of rights," provided guarantees such as free speech; ratified in nine months.

Eleventh amendment established sovereignty of states; ratified in four years.

Twelfth amendment change the method of presidential elections; ratified in one year.

Thirteenth amendment prohibited slavery; ratified in slightly less than a year.

Fourteenth amendment made negroes citizens; ratified in two years.

Fifteenth amendment enfranchised negroes on the same basis as white persons; ratified in one year.

Sixteenth amendment allowed congress to levy income taxes; ratified in three and a half years.

Seventeenth amendment provided for popular election of senators; ratified in slightly less than a year.

Eighteenth amendment makes country dry; ratified in one year, four weeks and one day.

About 150 amendments have been proposed in congress, but only four besides these ratified were submitted to the state.

LETTERS FROM OUR SOLDIER BOYS

LETTER FROM URBAN LEIGY

St Nazaire
Dec. 25th, 1918

Dearest Parents and Sisters,
I will take the pleasure of writing you a few lines to let you know that I am well and hoping you people are also the same.

Well this has been the most wonderful day I have spent in France. To start things going I went to a midnight mass and also received Holy Communion in one of the French churches. That sure was a good start for Christmas.

Our company had a big banquet for Christmas dinner and that sure was a great occasion for A. C. 44. The room was all decorated up and we also had a Christmas tree, so after all it was a real Christmas to me. For dinner we had Belgian goose, filling, creamed potatoes, cabbage, pickles, olives, hot biscuits and butter, jam tarts and coffee, candy, nuts, cigarettes and cigars. So you can see that was a fine meal. After we were through eating we had some songs, music and speeches and to crown it all we had fine weather. It was so warm that there were a couple of ball games after dinner. It isn't often we can play ball on Christmas.

Well news being scarce I will close for this time, hoping to hear from you soon.

With love to all
URBAN LEIGY

WILLIAMSPORT MINISTER WILL PREACH

The Rev. Dr. Thomas S. Wilcox, of Williamsport, preaches at Trinity Methodist church tonight in the revival campaign now in progress.

SPECIAL MEETING FIRE DEPARTMENT

There will be a special meeting of the Clearfield Fire department in No. 1 hall Wednesday evening, January 22d, at 8 o'clock. Important business and every member should be present. J21-21 L. F. HOPFER, Chief

SICK HEADACHE GOES QUICKLY

End that distressing sick headache that keeps you feeling miserable with a laxative tea that won't fail.

Celery King

is what you need. Splendid for liver and bowels, for upset stomach and breath and constipation. Same old remedy in the same old box.

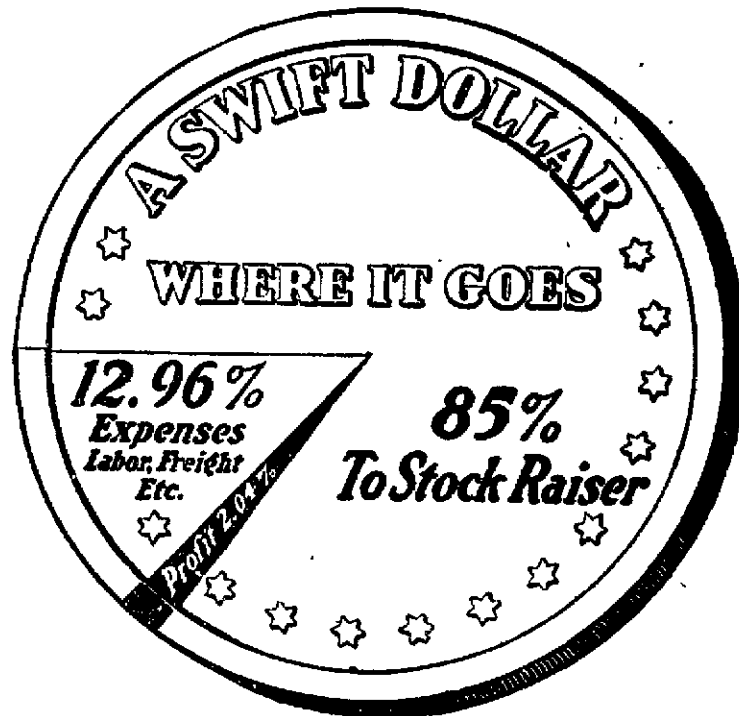
DANCE

A dance will be given in the College of Music Saturday evening, January 25. Music by the Guelichs. All who desire invitations can secure them by applying to Miss Ruth Lannon, at the Sugar Bowl, Third St. Admission \$1.00, ladies free.

LIBERTY BONDS

All Issues and Denominations
BOUGHT AND SOLD
Crawford, Patton & Cannon
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange and Philadelphia Stock Exchange
210-212 Morris Bldg., 1421 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia
Phones: Spruce 192, Race 620

The Swift Dollar for 1918



The above diagram shows the distribution of the average Swift dollar received from sales of beef, pork and mutton, and their by-products, during 1918.

1919 Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request.
Address Swift & Company
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U. S. A.



Send Us Back That Red Envelope

Driggs ONE Night Fri. Eve Jan. 24

HARVEY D. ORR OFFERS the happiest of all N. Y. musical comedy successes

"MISS BLUE EYES"

By Geo. V. Hobart author of "Experience" WITH Music by Silvio Hein composer of "Flo-Flo"

Original Big Cast And Production of Forty People

including Harvey Orr, Marjorie Bonner, Will Power and Oakes & DeLour sensational whirlwind dancers

3 Acts of Continuous Laughter—22 Real Song Hits and

Broadway's Prettiest Chorus

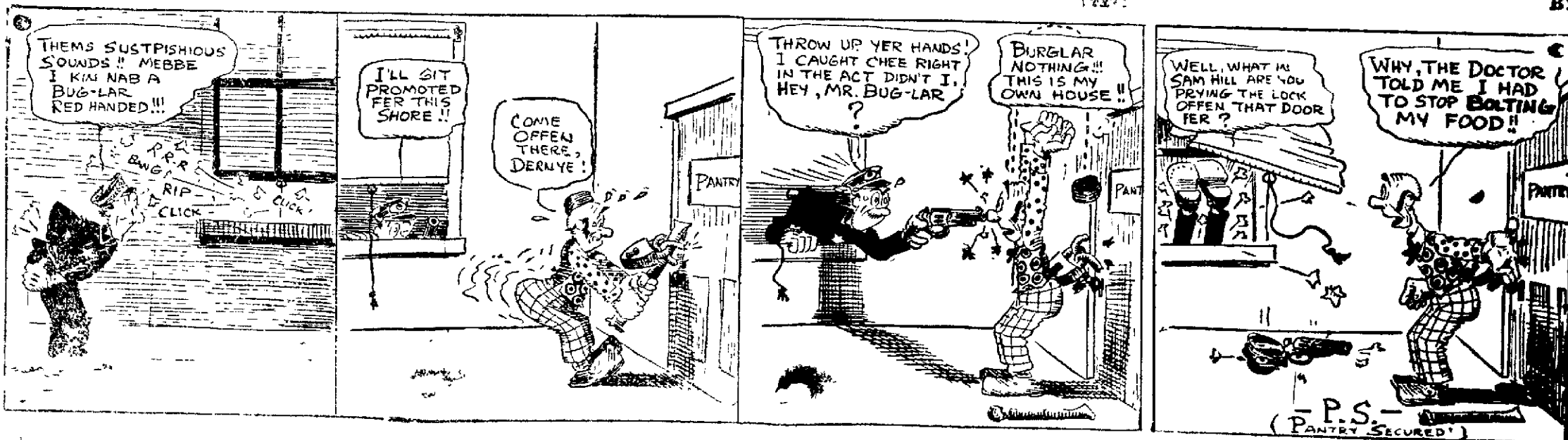
One solid Year at 39th St. Theatre, N. Y.

This attraction comes here recommended and announced as one of the best musical comedies booked here this year.

Special Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, and \$1.50, Mail Orders Now

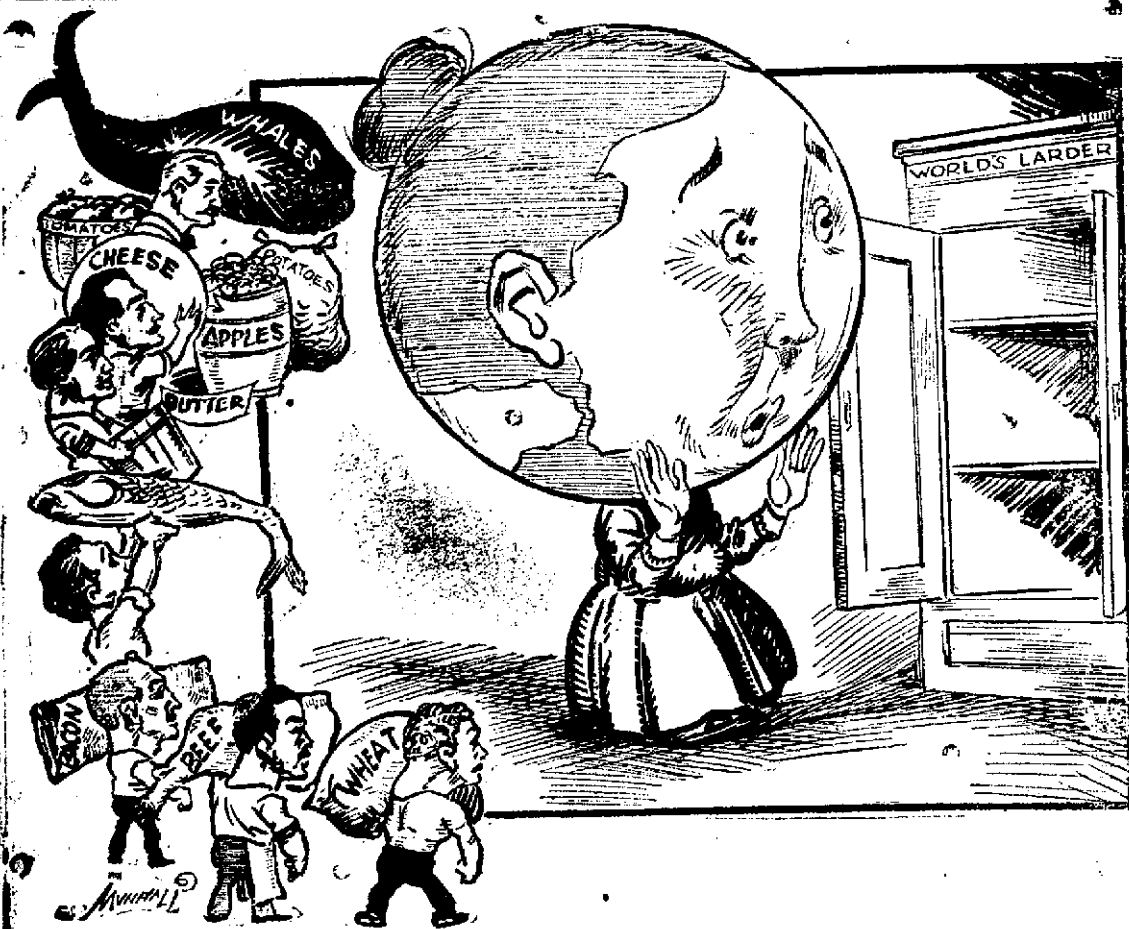
Seat Sale opens Wednesday A. M. at Box Office. Get Yours Early.

OFFICER T. WAD MADE AN IMPORTANT CAPTURE—ALMOST!



BY GAIL

CANADA DOING HER UTMOST TO FILL THE WORLD'S CUPBOARD



"Food, More Food, Still More Food," is Canada's after-war slogan. Public and private corporations have worked out and set in motion great programs for increased yields of farm products.

Canadian farmers are increasing their outputs, either by acquiring larger holdings or by more intensive cultivation of their present acreage.

Not to the farmers alone will go the thanks of a hunger-threatened world. Canadian fishermen deserve a good share.

SAYS WE BECOME CRANKS ON HOT WATER DRINKING

Hopes every man and woman adopts this splendid morning habit

Why is man and woman, half the time, feeling nervous, despondent, worried, some days headachy, dull and unstrung; some days really incapacitated by illness.

If we all would practice inside-bathing, what a gratifying change would take place. Instead of thousands of anemic-looking souls with sallow, muddy complexions we should see crowds of happy, healthy, rosy-checked people everywhere.

Millions of people who had their turn at constipation, bilious attacks, acid stomach, nervous days and sleepless nights have become real cranks about the morning inside bath.

FIRE DEPARTMENT BENEFIT

The Clearfield Fire department is arranging for a benefit performance to be held in the High School auditorium the evening of January 31st.

Many persons have the idea that there is a cork-tree, but in reality cork is the bark of a species of oak tree which grows in great abundance in Spain, Italy and certain parts of France.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS AND TEACHERS

During the Sunday School hour on last Sunday morning at the Lutheran church the pastor formally installed the following officers and teachers for the ensuing year:

- Officers: Sup't.—Paul A. Dietzel. Ass't. Sup't.—Harry E. Mann. Secretary—Harvey S. Mann. Ass't. Sec.—Miss Edna Froyd. Treas.—Ralph Catheart. Librarians—Carl Rowies, Howard Fehl. Pianist—Miss Velma Ammerman. Ass't. Pianist—Miss Orel Davis. Supt. Primary School—Miss Augusta Markle. Supt. Home Department—Mrs. J. M. Troxell. Supt. Cradle Roll—Miss Amelia Chorpennig. Supt. of Temperance—Miss Larue Chorpennig. Supt. of Missions—Miss Lena Fullington.
- Teachers: H. E. Fisher, Mrs. A. H. Hoover, Rev. C. W. Baker, Mrs. C. W. Baker, Miss Lena Fullington, H. C. Frank, Mrs. H. C. Frank, P. A. Dietzel, Ralph Catheart, E. B. Basford, H. E. Mann, Miss Catherine Tozer, McClellan Rowies, Miss Mary Markle, Miss Gustie Markle, Miss Amelia Chorpennig, Miss Larue Chorpennig, Mrs. H. E. Mann.

The new year is full of promise. During last week the Lutheran church contributed \$200.00 to the Armenian and Syrian Relief Fund.

MRS. BARTLEY'S FUNERAL

The funeral of Mrs. Fred Bartley will be held at two o'clock on Wednesday from her late residence on 812 Linden street, Rev. John C. Collins officiating.

No people think more of their horses than do the Japanese. After the China-Japanese war they erected in Tokio a costly memorial to the horse that had fallen in the conflict, and after the Russian war they held a funeral service to commemorate the horse killed in that war.

I saw it in The Progress.

"ATTENTION" FEED BUYERS

Feed Not So High, If You Know Where To Buy. Order Bran, Middlings, Red-Dog, and Low-Grade, in Ton & Half Ton Lots.

CLEARFIELD FLOUR AND FEED CO.

W. G. Spencer, Manager. Bell Phone: Office, 60-J; Residence, 12 H. & C. Phone: Office, 274-L-2

"No More War Flour" Ask Your Grocer For Royal Quality Fancy Patent.

GOVERNOR WILLIAM C. SPROUL TAKES HIS OFFICE AT HARRISBURG TODAY

(Continued From Page Two)

the better paid instructors in the upper grades and in the richer communities. Not that there is not need of increase all along the line, but we must give immediate relief where the need is greatest.

Practically every improvement which has been made in our common school system has been the result of mandatory legislation, and it will take more enactments of this same kind to establish a new scale of salaries, or at least minimum salaries, and such other conditions as may be needed.

There are many avenues for extension and improvement in our education system, to reach our adult illiterates, the position of Pennsylvania in regard to this condition not being flattering to our self-esteem; to provide vocational education, a necessary corollary to our marvellous industrial development; to teach our backward ones and the unfortunate, to help in Americanizing our foreign-born, and to help in giving our maimed heroes from our nation's battles, and our industrial victims, a chance to learn to be self-sustaining and contented.

THE HIGHWAYS

We are indeed fortunate to have the means in sight to begin a comprehensive road improvement program at a time when there will be need of great public works to steady industrial conditions. With the funds available from the general income of the State and a gradual use of substantial sums from the bond issue which has been authorized by the people for this purpose, supplemented by the assistance, now very material and likely to be greater, of the Federal Government for the post roads, we shall be able to undertake extensive road-building operations in every county.

In considering matters relating to our highways it is necessary to give some attention to the regulation of automobile traffic. The conditions growing out of the war made the greatly extended use of motortruck transportation a necessity, and with the development of the country this great agent in handling passengers and materials must be reckoned with more and more.

Plans are under consideration for a revision and extension of the automobile license laws. Increases in license fees are warranted and especially so in the case of high-powered cars and trucks of heavy burden. It costs more to build and maintain roads than it did and the income for this purpose from those who use the roads should be increased.

In view of the difficulties experienced by our municipalities in the upkeep of their streets it would seem that there should be some plan for the municipalities to have the highway maintenance a part of any increase in license fees upon motor cars received by the State.

LABOR AND BUSINESS

Pennsylvania's labor has been grandly cheered during the past month, though when we have seen the labor situation, we have found out why.

(Continued on Page Five)

DRIGGS THEATRE

IT'S HERE AT LAST! THE SHOW YOU HAVE ALL BEEN WAITING FOR

TONIGHT

A HIT! OH, SUCH A HIT!

O H, LADY!! LADY! F. Ray Comstock and William Elliott present the Fifth New York Princess Theatre Musical comedy success

Back and lyrics by Guy Bolton and P. G. Wodehouse

Music by Jerome Kern

A merry cast and girls that gladden, from the Princess Theatre, New York—the home of unusual chorus beauty and polite musical comedy hits.

16 SONG HITS! SPECIAL AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA!

Positively the same company and production intact that appeared in Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Columbus, Detroit, Toronto, etc.

PRICES \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00 and 75c

Curtain rises promptly at 8:20.

A Musical Joy For Everyone!

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The policy of the Ford Motor Co. to sell its cars for the lowest possible price, consistent with dependable quality, is too well known to require comment.

RUNABOUT	\$500
TOURING	\$525
COUPELET	650
SEDAN	775
TRUCK CHASSIS	550

These prices f. o. b. Detroit

Williams Auto Sales Co.

FORD CARS AND PARTS 203-210 North Third St., Both Phones Clearfield, Pa.

W.B. Formu BRASSIERES

worn in connection with W. B. Corsets, assure gown-fit perfection—slenderize bust-lines—add the grace and finish at bust that the corset accomplishes below, and give the necessary finishing touch to the "Form-Fashionable."

W.B. CORSETS W.B. NUFORM Corsets for slender and average figures. The low-priced corset figure—reduce one to five inches and you look ten to twenty pounds lighter.

WEINGARTEN BROS., INC. NEW YORK CHICAGO

GLOBE THEATRE

TONIGHT

Neda Nova and J. Frank Glendon
With all star support in
"THE CHANGING WOMAN"
In 5 wonderful acts

VENGEANCE AND THE WOMAN

The Great Thriller

Admission 15c

Music by the Orchestra

TOMORROW

Special World Brady feature
With Current events

Secure your tickets early for
"OH LADY! LADY!"

Tonight and avoid rush and waiting



If you have a mind to adorn your
city by consecrated monuments, first
consecrate in yourself the most beautiful
monument of gentleness and justice
and benevolence—Epicurus.

HELPFUL HINTS AND ECONOMIES



FEW leaves of parsley, the same of celery, may be dried and put into a tight container, then in winter when a bit of such flavor is needed, here it is all ready, costing nothing. Since a curry is to cook, and dry in the warming oven, dry a few mushrooms—in fact, dry almost any small bit and it will be useful later. A small handful of all these vegetables, dried and put together in a can, may be used as soup flavoring when needed.

Stalks of cauliflower may be cut in two lengthwise, tied in bundles and cooked, then served with a white or hollandaise sauce. The cooked stalks may also be used in salads.

A rich fish soup may be prepared by using the trimmings and water in which fish has been cooked. Add a bit of onion, mace and an equal amount of milk with the liquor and serve as a bisque.

A ham bone may be purchased at the market often at small cost. This, with cabbage, turnips, potatoes and carrots, will serve as a fine boiled dinner. Instead of cooking a whole head of cabbage for a meal, stuff one-half of it with any good flavored meat, with bread crumbs and seasoning; cook it in stock or gravy and use as a main dish. Another day shred the remainder and serve as coleslaw or as a salad. Some of it may be cooked, seasoned with salt, pepper, butter and milk, with a few crackers for thickening.

Was there a half cupful of rice, a spoonful of cereal of any kind left from breakfast? Save it and add it to the griddle cakes for breakfast or to the breakfast muffins.

Fruit butters, jellies and jams may be used on bread in place of butter but let us not forget that the growing child needs the growth determinants found in butter and milk. If the child craves plenty of milk, the jellies may be used in place of butter very often.

Whole milk for the children, whatever the price, must never be forgotten. Use skim milk for a thousand and one dishes in which whole milk is used—for soups, sauces, puddings, cocoa, etc.

Nellie Maxwell

OVER-EATING

is the root of nearly all digestive
trouble. If your digestion is weak or
out of kilter, better eat less and use

KI-MOIDS

the new aid to better digestion.
Pleasant to take—effective. Let
KI-moids help straighten out your
digestive troubles.

MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE

MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION

Moulded 1-Piece
Hot Water Bottle.

Moulding a hot water bottle
lengthens its life. There are
no seams to spring leaks. The
stopped grip is vulcanized right
into the rubber and the cap has
special packing to avoid leaks.
It's an exceptionally good
bottle at the price.

\$1.25

STEWART'S DRUG STORE
The San Tex Store

DADDY'S EVENING
FAIRY TALE
BY MARY GRAMM BOWNER

ZUZEPPA, THE MONKEY.

"Zuzeppa," said Daddy, "was a monkey who had come from Africa. He lived in the zoo, where there were many other monkeys. He swung on his bars, ate good meals, made up faces, did tricks and kissed the keeper. Everyone liked him and he liked everyone."

"In fact he enjoyed nothing more than visits to the zoo of children and grown-ups. He would like it best when they stood before his cage so he could sit down and put his hands through the wires and shake a how-do-you-do with them."

"Then he would go flying off to swing, or turn a somersault or some sort of a trick, and when the people laughed he was absolutely delighted."

"I wanted to be as smart as any monkey here," he would say to himself, and by his ways the keeper knew he wanted to be taught tricks."

"You'd like to learn to do a number of smart things, eh Zuzeppa?" asked the keeper, and the monkey gave him a little hug and a kiss as though to say, "Oh, please teach me, keeper."

"The keeper understood and began teaching Zuzeppa all sorts of wonderful tricks. We'll have a special performance for you to give," the keeper said one day.

"And for that special performance the monkey practiced so very, very hard. And the keeper was patient and showed the monkey how to do different



He Only Smoked for a Second or Two.

things many, many times over. The monkey was very quick and bright and learned everything remarkably quickly.

"The special performance was to be given on a day set aside by the keeper. Of course it couldn't be advertised all around as a circus could, but the keeper told all his special children friends who came to the zoo very often and they told their friends, and it got around so that for the day of the performance the monkey house was filled with children."

"Let me shake hands with the performer," the keeper said, and he shook hands with Zuzeppa. Then they each bowed, and the keeper said, "Now Zuzeppa will show you his circus tricks."

"So Zuzeppa hung by his tail and turned many somersaults, he swung back and forth and jumped and twisted and turned. He did the most marvelous of circus tricks and all the children clapped their hands and the other monkeys yelled and screamed, 'Well done, Zuzeppa!'"

"No one else knew what the monkeys meant but everyone knew they were excited. They weren't jealous of Zuzeppa, for they knew he wanted to learn tricks and be a trick-performing monkey. Besides he had worked hard enough to have the whole monkey house to himself for an afternoon."

"Now," said the keeper, "Zuzeppa will do his special trick. It has been done before by monkeys but Zuzeppa never did it before, and he has been practicing it so he could do it beautifully for this fine performance."

"The keeper took out a little wooden table and put a napkin upon it and a cloth. Then Zuzeppa spread the cloth over the table, reached down in a box the keeper had, and took out a knife and a fork and a spoon. He put all these on the table and then tied the napkin around his neck."

"Next he took a little broken chair which was in his cage and sat upon it."

"The keeper acted as the waiter, and passed things to Zuzeppa. And what do you suppose Zuzeppa did?"

"What?" asked the children.

"Zuzeppa behaved at that table just as though he were a real person. He ate with his fork and he cut with his knife. He peeled his banana which he had for dessert and then he ate it, wiping his mouth with his napkin."

"But when he was all through his meal and had put his hands in a finger bowl to make them nice and clean, he took a pipe, which the keeper handed him, struck a match and lighted the pipe. He only smoked for a second or two, blowing the smoke out, as he didn't especially care for it. But oh, how happy he was when the children laughed and clapped their hands! And this is a true story!"

"Age for Wisdom."

Japan apparently is ruled by old men. Prince Yamagata, at the age of eighty-three, is still the center of political influence; Baron Shibusawa, in spite of his seventy-eight years, is constantly dragged from his would-be retirement; and Marquis Okuma, at seventy-nine, is still at the vortex of public affairs. It is reported that Japan attempts nothing of any great importance without the assistance of the influence of these three great old men.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward Bruner and little daughter Geraldine of Clearfield street spent Sunday with relatives at Grampian, Pa.

Daily Coffee of
Your Grocer Only

THESE are days when every penny must buy the utmost in value; unnecessary things are tabooed. Remember this when you are asked to buy premium coffee—the kind that offers a glittering premium in order to hide its lack of strength and richness of flavor. Make your coffee money buy all coffee, always.

These reputable home-town grocers deserve your patronage!

CLEARFIELD, PA.

J. S. Beahan
Second St.

Wm. Boyce & Son
Cor. Nichol & Turnpike Ave.

M. A. Faust & Co.
Reed St.

Gilliland Bros.
Daisy Street

Overly Bros.
Daisy Street

Ross & Woods
Market St.

Shaw Bros.
Nichol Street

C. E. Shirey
Turnpike Ave.

Tobias Bros.
Second St.

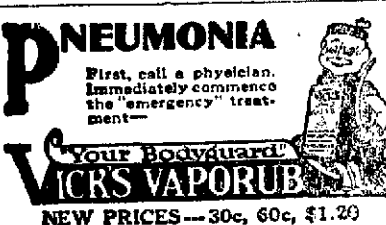
Walker & Loy
Nichol St.

CURWENSVILLE, PA.

Bickford Store Co.
Curwensville, Pa.

J. W. Spencer of Turnpike avenue, received word today that his son Andrew J. Spencer is convalescing nicely in the hospital at Camp Stanley, Texas. The young man has been having a serious time as the result of an attack of pneumonia.

J. C. Cornell of Philadelphia, transacted business here yesterday.



NEW PRICES—30c, 60c, \$1.20

GOVERNOR WILLIAM C. SPROUL TAKES
HIS OFFICE AT HARRISBURG TODAY

(Continued From Page Five)

CONCLUSION

This is a long message, and yet I have barely touched upon the things of importance which should attract our attention. These are times of action and of movement and yet in this wonderful blessed State must arise the best that is in us to promote the happiness and welfare of our whole people. I have called about me finely qualified citizens, and I expect to have the honor to give my very best energies to the service of the State. The duties of my office and I shall endeavor to perform them to the best of my ability, and to the satisfaction of the people. I ask your cooperation and support in the laboratory of that excellent State, and I am confident that we shall try to accomplish in Pennsylvania, and we want you to help us all the time.

Gossip for
Tonight's
Tea Table

Miss Lucile Bagley, of DuBois, spent the weekend with Miss Genevieve McGee.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Bridge, of Cleveland, Ohio, are visiting at the home of Harry Wallace on Locust street.

E. E. Myers, of Altoona, transacted business in town yesterday.

Mrs. John Freeman of Grampian, was shopping in our stores yesterday.

Ed. Chase and Dr. Chase left last evening for Harrisburg, where they will attend the inauguration.

Miss Dorothy Postlewaite left this morning for her home in Huntingdon after spending a few days with friends here.

Mrs. Andy Paris of Curwensville, was shopping in our stores yesterday.

Squire Ruffalo of Madera, transacted business in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Eckart, of Curwensville, spent yesterday with friends in town.

Mrs. Don Schach left yesterday for DuBois after spending the weekend with her sister Miss Ruth Dempsey.

C. I. Nelson, of Pittsburgh, transacted business in town yesterday.

Miss Margaret Hinkle who has been visiting at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hinkle on Rice street, has returned to her home in DuBois.

S. J. Gray is attending to business in Houtzdale today.

A. W. Lennan and Henry Dill left today to transact business in Warren and Kane.

Mrs. Dean Hile of Curwensville, was shopping in our stores yesterday.

Sam Minkin is spending a few days with friends in Harrisburg.

Miss Allison Hungary of Cross Roads, spent yesterday with friends here.

Miss Agnes Felford is visiting with friends and relatives in Philadelphia.

Rex Pauer is home from Camp Forrest, Ga., having been mustered out of the service.

Mrs. Tom Casey of Curwensville, was shopping in town today.

Miss Janet Duckett was visiting with relatives in DuBois yesterday.

Charles DeWemyer, of Kylertown, transacted business here yesterday.

Miss Florence Brand, of DuBois, is visiting Mrs. Alfred Brand on Eighth street.

Mrs. Thomas Duckett has returned from visiting her daughter Mrs. Lloyd Juvy of Stoneboro.

W. L. Johnson, the DuBois real estate man, was a business visitor to the court house this morning.

Mrs. Glen Schwartz and son Glenn, Jr. left this morning for Philipsburg where they will visit Mrs. Gaudin Kingle before returning to their home in Marietta.

STRENGTHENS
KIDNEYS—
PURIFIES BLOOD

You can't expect weak kidneys to filter the acids and poisons out of your system unless they are given a little help. Don't allow them to become diseased when a little attention now will prevent it. Don't try to cheat nature.

As soon as you commence to have backache, feel nervous and tired, GET LIT'S. These are usually warnings that your kidneys are not working properly.

Do not delay a minute. Go after the cause of your ailments or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease. GOLD MEDAL HARBORON Old capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney troubles. GOLD MEDAL HARBORON Old capsules will do the work that the pure original Harboron Old Capsules reported direct from the laboratories in Harboron, Holland. Ask your druggist for GOLD MEDAL HARBORON Old capsules. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on every box. Three sizes, 50¢, 1.00 and 2.00. Money refunded if they do not quickly help you.

LEONARDSON'S
Our January Clearance
Starts Another Week with
Many New Offerings

Aside From The Hour Specials We Have
Made Mention Of Many New Items That
Have Been Placed In The January
Clearance. Every One A
Money Saver

Keen interest was manifested all last week in the offerings of the Annual January Clearance. Thriftily inclined women eagerly sought the savings that were so apparent when they compared values with prices. There are many more new offerings to come—watch for them.

Clearance Of
Outings

30c Light and dark outings at 23c
35c Light and dark outing at 29c
45c Light outings, 36 inches wide, at ... 38c

Dress Goods

36-Inch wool skirting in plain grey and stripes, worth \$1.25 a yard today to close out, at, per yard

45c

\$1.25 Serge in white with black stripes, Clearance price, yard

59c

\$3.50 All wool black broadcloth 50 inches wide at, yard

\$1.95

Silks At Clearance
Prices

\$1.50 Silk crepe poplin at \$1.19
\$3.00 All wool whipcord suiting at ... \$1.75
\$2.25 and \$2.50 36-Inch satins at ... \$1.95
\$1.75 36-Inch messalines at \$1.59
\$2.25 Plaid silks, 36 inches wide \$1.95
\$2.00 Satin plaid poplins, 36 in. wide, at \$1.75

Wool Dress Goods
Half Price

These are odd pieces and remnants, there are serges, wool voiles, mohairs, wool crepe and novelties. There will be some wonderful bargains in this lot at 1-2 price. Come early.

Blankets

\$2.75 Cotton fleeced blankets, large size \$2.45
\$3.50 Cotton fleeced blankets, large size \$2.95
\$3.75 Cotton fleeced blankets, large size \$3.35
Plaid Blankets, Wool Finish
\$5.50 Plaid blankets, full size, at \$4.95
\$7.00 Plaid blankets, full size, at \$5.95
\$11.75 Wool blankets, plaid and plain, \$9.75

Clearance Of
Percales

36 Inches wide, best quality. Light and dark patterns.

35c Percales reduced to 25c
40 Percales reduced to 35c

CLEARANCE OF GINGHAMS

45c 32-Inch wide gingham at, yard ... 38c
50c 32-Inch wide gingham at, yard ... 45c

ROBE FLANNEL

75c Robe flannel, dark designs, at, yard 60c

WIDE RIBBONS

Special lot of 50c wide fancy ribbons suitable for hair bows at, yard

39c

Hour Sales For Wednesday

9 To 10 A. M.

Best Amoskeag Apron Gingham 21c yd
for one hour only at

10 TO 11 A. M.

Special Lot Of Children's 1-2 Price
Scarf Sets At

11 TO 12 A. M.

Children's Fur Sets 1-2 Price
at

A. W. LEONARDSON CO.

Anthracite is more valuable for heating purposes than any other coal. It contains as much as ninety-eight parts in a hundred of pure carbon, while bituminous coal averages only about eighty parts of carbon in a hundred.

The one modern instance of a Peace being arranged by the military commanders and not by statesmen was in the Boer War when Lord Kitchener arranged the Peace of Vereeniging with the Boers. Smuts, Delarey, and Hertzog.

Things can be said in English much more quickly than in any other language, because English is made up of an extraordinary extent of words of one syllable.

MEAT CAUSE OF
KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take Salts to Flush Kidneys if Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sour, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you

to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush out the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then set fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.

Men who work in blast furnaces are singularly free from influenza, a fact for which the medical profession has been unable to determine the reason.

PEACE PRELIMINARIES ARE RAPIDLY DISPOSED OF

By WM. PHILLIP SIMMS
(United Press Staff Correspondent)

PARIS, Jan. 21.—Following a long conference this morning in which the Russian situation was further discussed the supreme war council resumed its session this afternoon in an effort to clean up all preliminary work to permit the general congress to get under way. President Wilson is understood to have been largely instrumental in the "steering committee" in reaching a decision to hold an extra session today. It was reported that the full congress was progressing to such an extent that the full congress would take up the big essential problems of the peace settlement before the end of the week.

SPARTACAN FORCE APPEAR TO HAVE WON AT POLLS IN FIRST GERMAN ELECTION

(By United Press)

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—The Spartacans succeeded in predominating the national election Saturday in several Rhineland towns, it was learned today. In this region the Centrist (church party and German Democrats) also secured some votes. Apparently the country-wide margin of the Majority Socialists in the national assembly was not so seriously affected.

According to latest figures the vote was as follows: Majority Socialists—city of Berlin, Wertenburg, Lorrach, Mecklenburg, Lubeck, northern Schleswig, Hanover, Dresden, Bremen, Hamburg, Chemnitz; Centrists (Coalition of Catholics and Protestants)—eastern Prussia, Bavaria, including Freiburg, Waldshut, Sackingen and Constance; German Democrats—Danzig, Barmen; Independents (Independent Socialists and Spartacans)—Frankfurt on the Main, Brunswick; Nationals—Elberfeld and Magdeburg.

In Berlin the Majority Socialists appeared to have elected 5 to the National Assembly, including Phillip Schiedeman; Independent Socialists 4, including Hugo Haas and Police President Eichorn; German Democrats 2; Centrists, Nationals and Peoples' Party co-operatives, 3.

Later reports showed that Erzberger, Chairman of the German armistice commission and head of the Centrist party, von Payer, former vice Chancellor, Hausmann, and Groeber also had been elected in Berlin. The Majority Socialists won an easy victory in northern Schleswig, one of the first districts to join the revolution.

SENATOR KENYON INTRODUCES BILL FOR \$100,000,000 FOR EMERGENCY LABOR

(By United Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Senator Kenyon today introduced a bill creating an emergency public works to provide immediate work for the unemployed. The bill appropriates \$100,000,000 for the immediate building of public works. It is to be used to enable any state, city or federal agency to locate funds and go ahead with public works now or at any future time when sufficient unemployment exists.

This money would later be returned to the fund so that at all time money would be available for meeting emergency conditions. This money will be allotted to states who in turn will allot it to cities or towns. It is to be repaid in ten years.

PROTESTANT CHURCH CONSOLIDATION

Approval of the establishment of the Interchurch World movement in North America, a co-operative enterprise to federate all Protestant churches, was given at a recent meeting of the Home Missions Council. Similar action has been taken by the Foreign Missions Conference of North America.

It is proposed to conduct an intensive and comprehensive survey of every legitimate church field at home and abroad, "to further the growth of Christian democracy." An educational movement and a financial drive are planned to obtain funds to carry on the worldwide programme.

"When all the denominations now interested formally approve the action of their representatives, this pioneer Protestant unity enterprise will include approximately more than thirty denominations with 200,000 churches in North America," was said after the meeting. "It will affect about 25,000,000 communicants and at least 20,000,000 Sunday school pupils."

Among the churches in the movement are the Advent, American Christian, Baptist, Church of God, Congregationalist, Disciples of Christ, Evangelical Lutheran, Friends, Methodist Episcopal, South, Northern Baptist, Episcopalian, Protestant Episcopal, Reformed, Reformed Episcopal, United Brethren in Christ, United Construction Co., N. Y. C. round building which she has been photographed with her dogs or horses.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

A Worcester woman is New England's first woman bank director.

More than half a hundred daily newspapers in the United States now employ women as city editors.

Careful observation has established the fact that the average woman eats a fifth less than the average man.

English women are discussing the most appropriate form of celebration for the Queen Victoria centenary next May.

Service on the county grand jury is a new privilege to be accorded to women of Los Angeles and its vicinity.

As a result of successful experiments during the war London purposes to establish a permanent force of women police.

Women managers are being tried out by a large corporation operating a chain of dairy lunch rooms in the Eastern cities.

Presbyterian, Protestant Episcopal, Reformed, Reformed Episcopal, United Brethren in Christ, United Construction Co., N. Y. C. round building which she has been photographed with her dogs or horses.

CLOSE-UP VIEW OF RAILROAD SHOPMEN WILL ORGANIZE 'PREMIER' KERENSKY

By EDWIN HULLINGER
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)
LONDON, Dec. 26. (By Mail).—Alexander Kerensky, former dictator of Russia, is living quietly in the home of a friend on Cambridge Stairs Terrace, by Regent Park, in London. In his little study, which he occupies a large part of the day, he is preparing his memoirs, re-reading and re-studying documents which one represented the destiny of Russia, and dictating to his Russian stenographer, who can write shorthand in four languages.

Kerensky has just finished a book on the Korniloff mutiny. He seldom goes outside his friend's beautiful, cozy house. Once every day he walks alone through the winding, graveled paths of Regent Park just across the road.

He likes music, plays the piano fairly well, and sings. He knows by heart an enormous volume of Russian vocal music. Often he sits at the piano in the little parlor on the second story, and sings through one Russian master after another.

Sometimes he stops singing to think of his wife and two little boys, hostages in Moscow, imprisoned by the Bolsheviks soon after the great debacle, and later released from prison when Mrs. Kerensky signed a pledge they would not leave Russia.

It is an exquisite little room, this second-floor parlor, finished in gray, with a monster white polar bear rug on the middle of the floor, several big gray-upholstered cushiony armchairs, and a wonderful couch into which you sink as into a feather bed when you hit down.

One wall is a bank of French windows, through which creep the gray lights of a London day. A fire in a fireplace at one end gives a honey touch to the scene.

Kerensky was a lawyer in Russia before the revolution. He is still interested in law and devotes part of his time to legal questions.

He is a man of remarkable personality. He has a smile that wins you at first meeting, a real, friendly-like smile that convinces you right away he is interested in you. He is direct and unaffected. He talks immediately to the point, like an American business man, without flourish.

He has a wonderful reserve power. His face is sensitive and extremely expressive. He can look the most delightfully amused moment and the next the most tremendously sober. Like most leaders of men, he focuses his mind completely upon each separate incident, and never allows his perception of the present instant to be clouded by hang-over impressions from the past.

PACKER ARMOUR WAXES WROTHY

By Raymond Clapper
United Press Staff Correspondent
Washington, Jan. 21.—Flatly denying charges of conspiracy with other packers J. Ogden Armour replied to the charges of the Federal Trade Commission today. Testifying before the House Inter-State Commerce Committee he made a defense of his concern's business contracts. Armour in a sweeping denial said, "I say to you positively that we have not been and will not be in any pool or arrangement of any kind, either directly or indirectly, secretly or under cover. All such charges are utterly unfair and untrue."

Armour made the Federal Trade Commission his target at the recent investigation by Francis J. Heney. This is Armour's first appearance before a government body. His company has never been given a chance to answer the accusations, he said.

MARITAL LAW FOR PORTUGAL

Madrid, Jan. 21.—Marital law has been proclaimed through-out Portugal according to reports reaching here today. Rumors were being circulated here of a proposed intervention by Spain. War ships have been sent to Oporto the strong hold of the monarchy.

Miss A. M. Baker of 304 Turnpike avenue is confined to her bed with a nervous breakdown.

FOR SALE — Three temporary voted lower of animals, which probably accounts for the frequency with which she has been photographed with her dogs or horses.

An open mass meeting will be held Wednesday evening, January 22 at eight o'clock in the K. of P. hall 229-31 Market street of the round-house men and other railroad employees in the local shops. Methods and principles of organization will be discussed by representatives of the American Federation of Railroad Workers and the vast organization of the government which has been built to deal promptly and adequately with all labor problems that may arise.

One of the outstanding features of government control of the railroads from the standpoint of labor has been the free and unrestricted right of all employees to organize, which is expressly conferred in the famous General Order No. 8 and the local shopmen are availing themselves of the provisions of this order to become organized so that they too may be represented and in a position to adjust complaints and grievances in accordance with the procedure laid down by the government.

BOOZE QUESTION IS NOT AN ISSUE

Buenos Aires, Dec. 15.—In all the turmoil of Argentine politics there is one issue that never will elect or defeat a candidate. That issue is prohibition. It is not really an issue in this country, and the only people who talk about it are Americans who plan to go home soon.

Buenos Aires is a "wide-open town" so far as liquor is concerned. Tots graduate from milk to wine, in a manner much the same as that employed by a North American mother, who permits her 2 year old to sip a little weakened tea or coffee.

No child in school or Sunday school is warned of the terrible consequences of drink, and since drinking is not a daring thing, but merely a commonplace, youths of the adventurous age take no interest in drinking.

There are many bars in Buenos Aires fashionable and otherwise. Unlike the North American emporiums, nobody stands up and drinks, so the "third rail" is an unknown term here.

The Argentine people drink at tables. If they do not care for anything stronger they take coffee, tea or lemonade. The sight of a woman in a bar is common and her presence there is considered highly respectable if she is accompanied by a male escort. In the better class bars the tables are spread for tea late every afternoon, and the function resembles a similar occasion at any large New York hotel at the same hour.

Drinking in a Buenos Aires bar is a relaxation not a pastime or a profession. That is why the spike-helmeted, sword-wearing Buenos Aires policemen never have to pry bibulous gentlemen from lamp posts or induce others to go home, instead of spending the rest of the night slumbering in the gutter.

Everyone drinks with his meals. Few drink whiskey, gin or rum at any time. Wine is cheap and popular. Once in a great while some occasion arises that the people feel must be properly and modestly celebrated, and then there is a slight straying from the straight and narrow.

JUDGE JOHN B. McPHERSON, DEAD

Philadelphia, Jan. 21.—Judge John B. McPherson, aged 72, of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Third District, died here last night after an illness of three months of a general breakdown.

Judge McPherson began his career on the bench in 1882, when he was appointed a judge of the Common Pleas Court in the Dauphin-Lebanon district. In 1889 he was appointed judge of the United States Circuit Court of the Eastern district of Pennsylvania, and 13 years later was promoted to the Circuit Court of Appeals. He was recognized as an authority on insurance and the law of evidence.

By recent decision of the minimum wage board, women laundry workers in British Columbia are to be paid not less than \$13.50 per week.

Queen Mother Alexandra is a devoted lover of animals, which probably accounts for the frequency with which she has been photographed with her dogs or horses.

GOVERNOR WILLIAM C. SPROUL TAKES HIS OFFICE AT HARRISBURG TODAY

FAILED TO STIFLE FRENCH LANGUAGE

By Frank J. Taylor
Strassburg, Dec. 17.—German efforts to stifle the French nationality in Alsace and Lorraine by prohibiting the use of the French language have not succeeded. French came back the day the Germans signed the armistice, to the surprise of many German officials.

During the war it has been strictly prohibited to use a single word of French. Numbers of cases are cited to you in Colmar and Strassburg of men and women serving periods of several days in jail for greeting friends with the French "Bon jour."

But "verboten" edicts have failed to stop the language from prospering. Little tots not more than 4 and 5 years old who could not talk when the anti-French edict went into effect speak French among themselves, and sing French songs at the top of their voices.

They have been taught in secret, and many families have suffered punishment for their French conversations, but they refused to be squelched. Numbers of people speak German more commonly than French however, though they protest that it is Alsatian they are using. Before the war French was allowed in schools for one hour a day only.

Metz is perhaps the most German city of all Alsace-Lorraine. This is explained by the fact that it was border headquarters for Germans, numbers of whom held government positions, which they had monopolized at the expense of the Alsatians. German smugglers and merchants formed a large factor in the population.

TRUCK AND WAGON COLLIDE

The heavy fog this morning was responsible for an accident which occurred on Ogden avenue between 8 and 9 o'clock. One of the coal trucks of the Penn. Elec. Coal company ran into one of E. B. Leas' wagons and threw the driver Matthew John Duckett to the brick street. One of the wheels of the wagon passed over the prostrate man and he was painfully cut and bruised.

The injured man was carried into a nearby house and his injuries looked after. He was later taken to the Clearfield Hospital where it was found that while painfully hurt his injuries are not serious.

HEAVY FOG HID FIRE THIS MORN'G

Talk about the search of old Diogenes and his lantern, looking for a needle in a haystack or peering thru the knothole in father's wooden leg at these famous hunting parties were as nothing compared to the difficulty the firemen experienced this morning about 9 o'clock when the fire alarm was sounded.

Mooley got over the flu and ravenously bawled District 32. The firemen were promptly on the go but the fog was so thick they had to send the axe crew ahead of the machines to hew a road through. After much labor a tunnel was driven through the West Pine street and the fire finally located on the roof of the residence of Mrs. William Meise located just off West Pine street, midway between Weaver and William streets.

A few buckets of water and the hand chemical tank of the Third Ward boys soon put the fire out of commission with very slight loss.

The neighbors over that way were very much excited when the firemen appeared in their neighborhood and nobody could locate the fire on account of the fog.

STOCK MARKET IRREGULAR

New York, Jan. 23.—Prices were generally irregular at the opening of the stock market today. United States Steel opened unchanged at 89. Mexican Petroleum 170 up 12. Crucible Steel 52 1/2 off 1/4. Baldwin 66 1/2.

I saw it in The Progress

FAVORS DEMOCRACY MADE IN AMERICA, BETTER SCHOOLS, GOOD ROADS AND DRY AMENDMENT'S RATIFICATION

THE ABLEST GOVERNOR IN YEARS

(By United Press)

HARRISBURG, Jan. 21.—During the speech which followed his induction into office Lieut. Governor Beidleman said "It will be my aim throughout my term of office to have this Legislature adopt only such legislation as is necessary, and to repeal all laws that are not necessary and are valueless. It is well known that there will be no general jail delivery of prisoners."

Rev. Dr. Joseph Swayne of Swarthmore College delivered the invocation prior to the inaugural. Senator Wm. E. Crow, of Ontonagon, was master of ceremonies.

After the oath of office was administered to Governor Sproul Lieut. Governor Beidleman officially declared him to be governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. At 12:05 Governor Sproul began his inaugural address. The day was an admirable one. The inaugural address in part follows:

My Fellow Citizens: Having taken the obligation necessary or my induction into the great office to which you have called me, please permit me, before we enter upon a discussion of the issues of the time, to return my grateful acknowledgment of your confidence and trust and to express the profound feeling of responsibility and the grave sense of respect and devotion with which I accept the service. A long experience in the Senate of the Commonwealth has given me, I believe, a full realization of the importance of the duties of the Governorship and has not lessened my appreciation of the problems and difficulties confronting the incumbent. With a pride, however, in Pennsylvania, her history and her institutions, which is reverential, with full dependence on the sound judgment and the patriotism of our citizens, and in abiding faith in the Divine Power, which has so blessed us always, I take up the administration of your affairs hopefully and courageously.

These are wonderful times in which we are living. Events of tremendous effect upon the political and social structures of mankind that, in ordinary times, would be appalling are happening with such frequency that we accept them almost without surprise. The great war came to an end quickly and triumphantly for us, but it has left in its stead new problems and new perils, more menacing to true Democracy and to civilization than anything that history records. Here, in the peaceful capital of this mighty state, with all in good taste and good order about us, with our people attending quietly to their affairs and their government hanging hands according to their expressed choice and as ordained by their laws, it is difficult for us to visualize the wave of disorder and destruction which is sweeping over a large part of the civilized world, engulfing races and nations and tumbling them about in confusion and chaos. Ambitious anarchists have seized the opportunity to exploit systems of social tyranny unheard of in their brutal harshness, and malign adventurers with terrorism as their weapon have usurped the chief power in many lands and are defiling the sanctuaries of the people and plundering and killing at will. Some of the more ambitious of these international revolutionists, absolutely without conception of our governmental organization, our national ideals or our individual spirit, have even undertaken to create unrest and to promote treason in this country and in this State, through cunning propaganda and diabolical crimes.

No government which could be devised by sane men would suit these anarchists. They are arrayed against all government and all restraint. They are enemies of civilization and of the church of God. They respect no law, but insist upon license to do as they please without regard to the rights, the property, the religion or even the lives of others. Their leaders avow that they have no affection for the land that gave them birth nor for the nation which sheltered them and gave them asylum from persecution abroad. That such a doctrine should obtain a foothold in the United States is unthinkable, and yet there are abundant evidences of its malevolent activities here. The "missionary fund" gathered from the looted treasures of Russia is already having its effect in certain directions in stirring up the mercenaries of agitation and in inspiring specious writings from some of the half-baked social philosophers who feed upon excitement and turmoil. Retained to spread hatred of everything that appears like thrift, a contentment or love of country, these disturbers will make some headway—they will attempt to capitalize the industrial difficulties growing out of the readjustment, and they may attract to their malicious cause some of the restless, the ignorant, the unfit, the irresponsible and the criminal. While the followers of this brutal cult will at no time be numerous, as compared with the great body of sober, sensible, sound-minded Americans, they will be insidious, and will impress some of the timid and the unreasoning, even among our statesmen, with their strength.

This political distemper, called Bolshevism, has had its origin in countries where ignorance and force prevailed and where there was lack of opportunity for the deserving and lack of care for the unfortunate. There is no room for it to grow in an enlightened state where the rights of the humblest and of the strongest are alike guarded and the door of opportunity open to all who seek it. The antidote for this social infection, as we shall apply it in Pennsylvania, is good public administration, the best of popular education; generous, progressive humane laws, and thorough justice, backed by an alert, forceful and God-fearing public sentiment. Pennsylvanians are resolutely patriotic; they have a love of country and a faith in its institutions that is proverbial; they have a just pride in their State and a respect for their communities and their homes. Our people want no mongrel government, devised by

(Continued On Page Two)

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

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TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 21, 1918.

HOW THE HABIT GREW

"Before the prohibition road-roller passed over the country were Americans drinking more or less than in the 'good old days' which some of us extol and others decry?

In 1850 the per capita consumption of liquor—distilled spirits, wines and malt liquors—in this country was about four gallons.

In 1871 the per capita consumption was about eighteen gallons.

In 1897 this country produced approximately 1,200,000 gallons of gin. In 1907 the figure was nearly 3,000,000. By 1917 it was almost 6,000,000.

In 1897 the whisky total was very nearly 10,400,000 gallons. In 1907 it was about 56,500,000. By 1917 it was about a million gallons more. The peak for whisky was reached with over 100,000,000 gallons in 1911.

It is estimated that in 1918 there were 50,184,594 barrels of beer brewed in the United States, as against 60,817,379 barrel the year before.

In 1918 Pennsylvania was second among the States in beer brewing, with an output of 8,174,457 barrels, as compared with New York's 13,198,400.

Wisconsin stood only fifth, with 4,919,014 barrels. A beer barrel holds thirty-one gallons."

WHAT THE REGISTRATION SHOWS

According to the records of the first registration held in Clearfield county on June 5, 1917, there were in round numbers 840 men between the ages of 21 and 31 in the county. Of this total 1400 were aliens.

This and the subsequent registration showed the available man power in District 1 of Clearfield county between the ages of 19 to 34 inclusive to be 7300.

The questionnaires filed developed the fact that twenty-one and one-fourth per cent, or 1466 were foreign born. Of this nearly one-fourth of the grand total five and one-seventh per cent, or 377 were naturalized, while four and eight-tenths per cent, or 355 had declared their intention to become citizens. This left eleven and one-fourth per cent, or 822 of these foreign-born who were also aliens and appeared to want to remain so.

Now that the completed record is available showing who these parasitical aliens are, where they are located, how long they have been here and how much of the advantages they have gained from enjoying the benefits and privileges of residence in this glorious country of ours, isn't it about time for our national law makers to get busy. We now have a law to prevent many undesirable from getting into our country, let us have a law now to make those already in either assume the obligations of citizenship, after proving their capability for same, or else fire them back whence they came.

It is possible now to locate every undesirable in the country let us have the power to make him respect our citizenship or to send him out of the country.

COMPENSATION ONLY FOR DEPENDENTS

In order to correct a misunderstanding over insurance and compensation, Secretary Glass, U. S. Treasury department, has authorized the Pennsylvania Council of National Defense to announce that War Risk Insurance is payable to properly named beneficiaries of service men who may not be actually dependent upon the insured men.

On the other hand, compensation is separate and apart from insurance and takes the place of the pensions given.

provided under the old pension system. It is payable only to a wife, child, dependent mother or dependent father of a man who is disabled or dies as a result of injuries suffered or disease contracted in the line of duty, while employed in the active service. No dependency need be shown by any beneficiary in order to receive government insurance, but dependency must be shown in order to receive compensation.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Sheldrich, of Crystal Spring shopped in town today.

GOVERNOR WILLIAM C. SPROUL TAKES HIS OFFICE AT HARRISBURG TODAY

(Continued From Page One)

fanatics foreign to us in speech, in vision and in purpose, without tradition and without faith, envious of our national strength and prosperity and anxious to disrupt us as a nation and paralyze us as a people. We want to develop our Democracy, made in America, for America's needs and America's great destiny. We will not give this splendid Republic away to its enemies.

But confident as we are of our national safety, we must not ignore the menace in our midst. After having made sure that we have done those things which should be done to ensure to our citizens those blessings that the government belonging to them should give them, we must not tolerate the social wild-men who would overthrow our Republic. The government at Washington must be alert in protecting us against an invasion through our ports of those who seek to destroy this nation, and must assist in hunting out and returning to the lands from which they came, those who are not satisfied to become Americans and will not accept our guarantees of justice and liberty. Here in Pennsylvania every power of the State must be used, first by beneficent enactment and administration to give every man, woman and child who shall deserve it a stake in the Commonwealth, and then to repress vigorously and effectively those who would injure or destroy our institutions and our true freedom. Eternal vigilance is still the price of liberty, and I earnestly call upon our people to be vigilant and determined in meeting the issues which must come up to us, to respect their own laws and to uphold the administration of them. Peace, orderly government and liberty, regulated by law, are prime essentials for the prosperity and happiness of all of us.

CO-OPERATION IN GOVERNMENT

Thus early in my executive career, I desire to say that having submitted my candidacy for Governor to the people, at the primary election, upon a declaration of purpose, or a platform as we call it, and having reiterated this declaration before the general election, I feel that my course of action in office should follow as nearly as may well be, the principles upon which my candidacy was based. I desire particularly to say now to those who will be my associates in the government, that I am more than ever convinced that a policy of co-operation and not of coercion is the proper basis for our relations. To the members of the two houses of the Legislature, whom I meet here today in joint gathering for the first time at this session, may I say, that after participating as a member in thirteen sessions of the General Assembly, I have not only thorough appreciation but complete respect for the positions you occupy, the responsibilities you assume and the rights you possess. It is the duty of the Governor to recommend to the Legislature such measures as he may deem necessary or important. This duty he may not disregard. I shall feel free to address you upon public matters whenever it seems desirable that I should do so, and I shall urge your consideration of and action upon matters which are essential to the program of progress and efficiency to which we are committed. But it was never intended that the political power of the executive should be used to control legislation or to influence or dominate political action. The exercise of such power in the State or nation is dangerous and the growth of his practice gives concern to far-seeing patriots. That it is in conflict with the underlying principles of our form of government and is subversive of the constitution, I firmly believe. The absolute integrity and independence of the three great divisions of our governmental organization is essential in the system of checks and balances which preserve our rights and have made our constitutional administration so successful and so permanent. We must get back to first principles in many ways, but in none more certainly than in this. I fervently desire and thoroughly rely upon your broad-minded co-operation and assistance in the important matters which we together must handle. If I cannot deserve this co-operation upon your part I shall not try to compel it by any threatening use of the power temporarily placed in my hands. Let us work together in entire confidence and real earnestness to perform our solemn duties, with no masters to serve but the people of Pennsylvania, who have trusted us so completely.

EDUCATION

Pennsylvanians have ever been proud of their public schools, and it is always more or less of a shock when we are forced to contemplate the statistics which show that Pennsylvania is not in the foremost rank among the States in the general efficiency of its school system. While the standards by which such ratings are measured are not always practical and the authorities quoted are by no means infallible, it is nevertheless a fact that public education in Pennsylvania is not so highly developed as it is in some other places. This is not as it should be, and the direct practical remedy is expressed in the need of more money for school purposes and a better, more up-to-date school organization. The State of Pennsylvania appropriates more to the support of its public schools than any other State, but it does not give more per capita than any other State. While the funds voted by the Legislature from the State Treasury are generous, the total sum raised in the state through local taxation is materially lower than in several others among the better organized States in the Union.

The question of the compensation of teachers has become a serious one and the general movement for better pay for those deserving public servants has the support of everyone who has given the matter any thought. One of the propositions advanced demands a horizontal increase of twenty-five per cent, in teachers' salaries at the sole expense of the State, and would provide for a direct appropriation of the required amount from the State Treasury. Of course, this is not practicable for many reasons, the first and principal one of which is that such a plan would take so large a proportion of the total revenues of the State, available or obtainable, that there would be little left for any of the other activities of the government. I do not believe, moreover, that an arbitrary increase of a fixed percentage upon all salaries is what is most needed. My opinion is firmly fixed that in the case of the underpaid primary teacher and the rural teacher, the increase should be upon a much higher percentage than that to be allowed

(Continued On Page Four)

Used Cars For Sale

BUICK, 1917 Model, 5-passenger, in first class condition.

Overland Model 99. 5-Passenger touring. In A-1 shape.

CHEAP TO QUICK BUYERS

Market St. Auto Sales Co.

The Garage At The End Of The Bridge
Clearfield, Pa.

We are opposed to the freedom of the sneeze.

What was done with peach pits and coconut shells before the war?

Germany is making bread out of spruce wood, but the Germans don't pine for it.

Just now the world seems to be made up of two kinds of people—heroes and zeros.

Saving the world for democracy ought to teach America the value of the saving habit.

The fact that the "flu" is being taken seriously is indicated in the surcease of puns about it.

If overexertion were the only cause of influenza, a large part of every community would be immune.

King Boris of Bulgaria quit after reigning one month. A month is too long for a king these days.

A bit of cold weather with some enforced exercise with the coal shovel will quickly dispel the "flu."

The first question a barber asks a hair-cut customer who shaves himself is whether he wants a shave.

In years gone by Europe professed to pay very little attention to American statesmanship. It is different now.

The difference between the common grip and the Spanish influenza is that the influenza lets go with both barrels.

Spain is now rid of the influenza. Considering what we have over here there is no reason to doubt the statement.

If riches accumulated as fast as soot in a soft coal burning furnace there would be no poverty in this world.

Everyone can be a fuel administrator of sorts by turning off the steam in the radiator whenever it is not really needed.

The pasha who heads the new Turkish cabinet has a first name of Tewfik. Say it fast and it sounds like a dental ailment.

The woman who expects to be able to buy all the sugar she wants the next day after peace is arranged will be sorely disappointed.

One of the remarkable facts of current history is the encouraging way everything recovers after it is officially probed for whatever is wrong.

Ostend can now prepare to resume its regular summer resort business. It will be a fine place for soldiers on leave if it is thoroughly fumigated.

It is said that kissing is not permitted in the navy. No, and we recall in the old days it wasn't permitted in the best girl's parlor, but it happened.

If those influenza germs are as minute as the scientists claim, they must be about the size of shyster lawyers who stir up couples to get divorced.

Even the Chinese are adopting rigorous measures of conservation. The latest fashionable wedding ceremony in the far East was cut down to two days.

Butter will be restricted to one-half ounce to each diner. A lot of restaurants will have to make their portions bigger to reach the half-ounce ration.

It is almost a supreme tribute to pay to a youth's fighting propensity when you say he would rather fight than eat. We believe in some cases it is a rank exaggeration.

The influenza germ can be avoided by using a mask. When so simple a precaution suffices, the element of carelessness must figure as a factor in future cases.

Suppers, teas, lunches and banquets are now officially regarded as unpatriotic, which will be a great help to a lot of people who have long regarded them as a bore.

To the docile husband, trained and accustomed to finding stray needles in all the cushions he seeks to occupy, the present scarcity of needles is not without its compensating features.

The government hereafter will buy beef on the basis of quality instead of by weight. That's the idea. It is better to be shortweighed than to have the hunk stuff inflicted upon the soldiers.

No more cheese will be allowed on the free lunch counters of New York saloons, and probably more than one burly boarder has already set up a yell against the poor service of the house.

When you answer a letter use the other side of it for your carbon copy of the answer. Incidentally if the other fellow wrote on both sides of the paper answer, if possible, from profanity.

One of the posers of this war will be the expanding from the code of nations of the old principle, invented by the first man, "Each for himself, and the devil take the hindmost." For there can't be any hindmost. Hindmost will march ahead.

Mrs. J. L. R. Heidhold and daughter Frances left to spend a few days with friends in Pittsburgh.

AUNT JEMIMA'S PANCAKE FLOUR



AUNT JEMIMA'S BUCKWHEAT FLOUR

Ask Your Grocer

Read The Progress Advertisements

Gurney Heaters Cut Down Coal Bills

The scientific arrangement of the flues and the fire box, the draft regulator, the accessibility of the soot cleaning arrangements—each contributes its part to the efficiency of the GURNEY HEATER.

With the coldest weather of the winter yet to come and the increasing care that you must exercise in your home heating would it not be well if our man who understands such things dropped around to your home and made estimates?

WILLIAM F. POWELL

Second Street

Clearfield, Pa.

RUMFORD THE WHOLESOME BAKING POWDER



Not only makes your cakes and hot breads lighter, of finer texture and delicious flavor, but at a reasonable cost.

READ THE PROGRESS

NEW STORE AT O'SHANTER

Having purchased the stock of the Robert Lind store at O'Shanter I solicit the trade of that community.

I have added flour, feed and an entire new stock of groceries and will be able to supply the general trade.

Later I expect to add dry goods, notions, etc., and make a general store of it.

Quick delivery on all items purchased is guaranteed.

Geo. L. Ammerman
O'Shanter, Pa.

Don't Part With Your LIBERTY BONDS!

When you bought your bonds you lent your money to the Government that you might "do your part". You gave the Government at home and the boys "over there" tangible evidence of your support. You shared the burden of those in other lands who are heavily laden.

KEEP YOUR BONDS for the same reasons.

To dispose of them, except in case of dire necessity, is unpatriotic—just as much so as not to buy!

Furthermore, Liberty Bonds are an insurance for your future.

KEEP YOUR LIBERTY BONDS!



Classified Ads For Everybody

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Three pairs of heavy bob-sleds and two 26 in. gauge mine cars. All new. Inquire of W. D. Walker & Brother, Bigler. J10-17

FOR SALE—Household goods for sale. Dressers, beds, mattresses and other useful articles. Call H. & C. 155x. J14-14c

FOR SALE—Ten tons of new hay in the barn. Call E. E. Lewis, Glen Richey, Pa. J16-61c

FOR SALE—Cherry dining table and sideboard for sale. In excellent condition. May be seen at the residence of George Reel, South Second street. J18-61c

FOR SALE—Fresh cows, at the Stone House farm. James Mitchell 209 Walnut street, Clearfield. J18-11c

FOR SALE—Large solid brick house, corner Turnpike avenue and Martin streets. Electric light, hot water heating system and all modern conveniences. Lot has frontage of 141 feet on each street. Good reason for selling. Apply to W. C. Cowdick, H. & C. phone 435x. J20-1w

FOR SALE—A 1918 Oakland touring car is A1 condition, used very little. Inquire on Bell phone 33r. J20-61p

FOR SALE—I will dispose of the following articles at public auction on January 24, 1919 at the Z. L. Ardary farm near Dimeling station, 20 bushels potatoes, 3 cooking stoves, 1 heating stove, a quantity of canned fruit, 2 beds, springs and mattress, 1 dining table, 1 cupboard, 1 chiffonier, 125 pounds wheat flour, 1 churn, 1 stand, 1-2 dozen chairs, 2 rocking chairs and other articles too numerous to mention. Mrs. Phebe Page. J21-21-pd.

HELP WANTED

YOUNG MEN, 16 and over, are eligible for government Railway Mail clerks. \$92 month. Examination soon. For free particulars, write J. C. Leonard (former Civil Service Examiner) 634 Kenosia building, Washington. J17-51p

WANTED—Janitor wanted for several offices. Apply room No. 34 Third floor, Trust building, Clearfield. J21-31c

WANTED

WANTED—Light housework. H & C. 313r. J18-11p

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping for man and wife. No children. Call H. & C. phone 152x. J29-31p

EVANGELISTIC SERVICES AT BAPTIST CHURCH

The special evangelistic services which began Sunday in the First Baptist church will be continued indefinitely. The services have been arranged so as to be of particular interest and value to all classes.

The song service will begin tonight at 7:30 followed by a message on the old time gospel. The meetings will be featured by special messages, in song.

All are invited to attend.

SECOND BIG FIRE AT CORRY

Corry, Jan. 23—Another bad blaze visited this town this morning when the United States Chair company plant was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$100,000. It was the second bad fire in 24 hours. 150 men were thrown out of employment. An incendiary was blamed for the blaze and a rigid investigation is under way.

When

you think of Life Insurance remember we have represented one company for 33 years. Ask us.

Helmhold & Stewart
Snyder Block

TODAY'S CASUALTIES

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American Expeditionary forces today:

The following Pennsylvanians are a today's list:

SECTION ONE

Wounded severely 63

Wounded Severely
Lieutenant
John J. Owens, Philadelphia.
Corporal
Fred Cole, Parchance.
Privates
Frank Graziano, McKeesport.
Darwin Wood, White Haven.

SECTION TWO

Killed in action 27
Died from wounds 13
Died of accident and other causes 6
Died of disease 25
Missing in action 10

Total 82

Died of Wounds
Privates
Joseph S. Gorgol, Scranton.
William J. Powers, Pittsburgh.
Joseph Whinnie, Pico.

MARINE CORPS CASUALTIES

Killed in action 5
Died of wounds 5
Died of disease 5
Wounded severely 11
Wounded slightly 1
Missing in action 1

Total 31

Killed in Action
Private
Andrew Auwerter, Columbia.
Sick in Hospital, Previously Reported
Missing
Private
Miles H. Carey, Philadelphia.
Present for Duty, Previously Reported
Missing in Action
Private
Ralph Wolf, Pittsburgh.

The following cable corrections are issued as an appendix to the regular casualty lists at the request of the several press associations:
Killed in Action, Previously Reported
Missing in Action
Sergeant
Thomas J. Chase, Kingston.
Privates
Henry B. Crawford, Fairmont City.
Wounded Severely in Action, Previously Reported Missing in Action
Private
Claude M. Hayner, Clermont.
Wounded Slightly in Action, Previously Reported Missing in Action
Corporals
William H. Deswick, McKeesport.
Wounded (Degree Undetermined)
Previously Reported Missing in Action
Privates
Jesse Clark, Hyane.

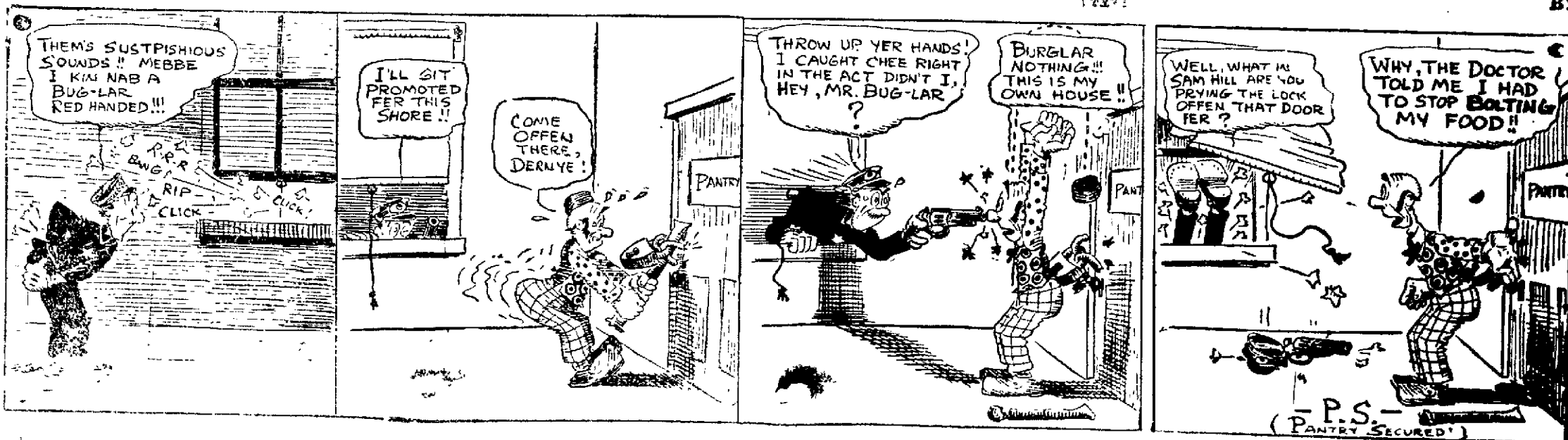
DON'T FUSS WITH MUSTARD PLASTERS!

Musterole Works Easier, Quicker and Without the Blister

There's no sense in mixing a mess of mustard, flour and water when you can easily relieve pain, soreness or stiffness with a little clean, white Musterole. Musterole is made of pure oil of mustard and other helpful ingredients combined in the form of the present white ointment. It takes the place of out-of-date mustard plasters, and will not blister. Musterole usually gives prompt relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frostbitten feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). 30c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50.

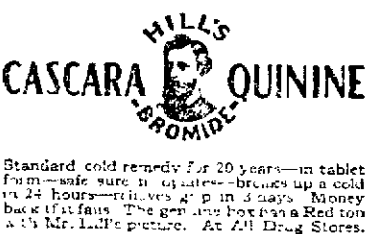


OFFICER T. WAD MADE AN IMPORTANT CAPTURE—ALMOST!



Spanish Influenza can be prevented easier than it can be cured.

At the first sign of a shiver or sneeze, take



John E. Corley, Manns Choice.
Theodore Rietzinger, Philadelphia.
Sick in Hospital, Previously Reported
Missing in Action
Privates
John M. Cumming, Philadelphia.
Returned to Duty, Previously Reported
Missing in Action
Corporal
Earl B. Commins, Pittsburg.
Privates
John E. Anderson, Mone-on.
Peter Morzarch, Duquesne.
Lue Rose, Sharpsville.
Charles M. Stopp, Pittsburg.

ALTOONA TEAM DEFEATS CLEARFIELD IN BOWLING

The Altoona team defeated Clearfield last Saturday evening in an exciting match by 94 pins.

Summers from Altoona was high man with 539 pins, with Snyder second with 526. H. Roscherry was high man for Clearfield with 495 pins an average of 163. Clair Ennis rolled the highest individual score of 217.

The Altoona team is a fine team and it is made up of a fine bunch of men. The Clearfield team was very much pleased at the treatment shown them.

The Clearfield team will play the Altoona Machine Shop team at Clearfield next Saturday evening, January 25 and will play the Juniata Car Shop team at Clearfield on February 1.

	Altoona		Clearfield
Summers	185	175	179
McNulty Capt.	161	159	164
Shaw	153	150	126
Snyder	187	185	154
Bickel	157	156	164
			2488

	Altoona		Clearfield
Wallace	153	140	195
H. Roscherry	150	183	162
Loeffler	153	130	169
Ennis	130	217	130
R. Roscherry	164	140	173
			2391

Substitutions—Clearfield, Fletcher for Ennis, 7th frame, 3d game.
Scorers, Lions, Altoona; Fletcher, Clearfield. Umpire Yingling, Juniata.

PROHIBITION EIGHTEENTH OF AMENDMENT PASSED

The prohibition amendment is the eighteenth added to the federal constitution.

Provisions of the eighteen amendments, with the length of time taken for ratification follow:

First ten amendments, known as the "bill of rights," provided guarantees such as free speech; ratified in nine months.

Eleventh amendment established sovereignty of states; ratified in four years.

Twelfth amendment change the method of presidential elections; ratified in one year.

Thirteenth amendment prohibited slavery; ratified in slightly less than a year.

Fourteenth amendment made negroes citizens; ratified in two years.

Fifteenth amendment enfranchised negroes on the same basis as white persons; ratified in one year.

Sixteenth amendment allowed congress to levy income taxes; ratified in three and a half years.

Seventeenth amendment provided for popular election of senators; ratified in slightly less than a year.

Eighteenth amendment makes country dry; ratified in one year, four weeks and one day.

About 190 amendments have been proposed in congress, but only four besides these ratified were submitted to the states.

LETTERS FROM OUR SOLDIER BOYS

LETTER FROM URBAN LEIGEY

St. Nazaire
Dec. 25th, 1918

Dearest Parents and Sisters
I will take the pleasure of writing you a few lines to let you know that I am well and hoping you people are also the same.

Well this has been the most wonderful day I have spent in France. To start things going I went to a midnight mass and also received Holy Communion in one of the French churches. That sure was a good start for Christmas.

Our company had a big banquet for Christmas dinner and that sure was a great occasion for A. C. 44. The room was all decorated up and we also had a Christmas tree, so after all it was a real Christmas to me. For dinner we had Belgian goose, filling, creamed potatoes, cabbage, pickles, olives, hot biscuits and butter, jam tarts and coffee, candy, nuts, cigarettes and cigars. So you can see that was a fine meal. After we were through eating we had some songs, music and speeches and to crown it all we had fine weather. It was so warm that there were a couple of ball games after dinner. It isn't often we can play ball on Christmas.

Well news being scarce I will close for this time, hoping to hear from you soon.

With love to all
URBAN LEIGEY

WILLIAMSPORT MINISTER WILL PREACH

The Rev. Dr. Thomas S. Wilcox, of Williamsport, preaches at Trinity Methodist church tonight in the revival campaign now in progress.

SPECIAL MEETING FIRE DEPARTMENT

There will be a special meeting of the Clearfield Fire department in No. 1 hall Wednesday evening, January 22d, at 8 o'clock. Important business and every member should be present. J21-21 L. F. HOPFER, Chief

SICK HEADACHE GOES QUICKLY

End that distressing sick headache that keeps you feeling miserable with a laxative tea that won't fail.

Celery King

is what you need. Splendid for liver and bowels, for upset stomach and breath and constipation. Same old remedy in the same old box.

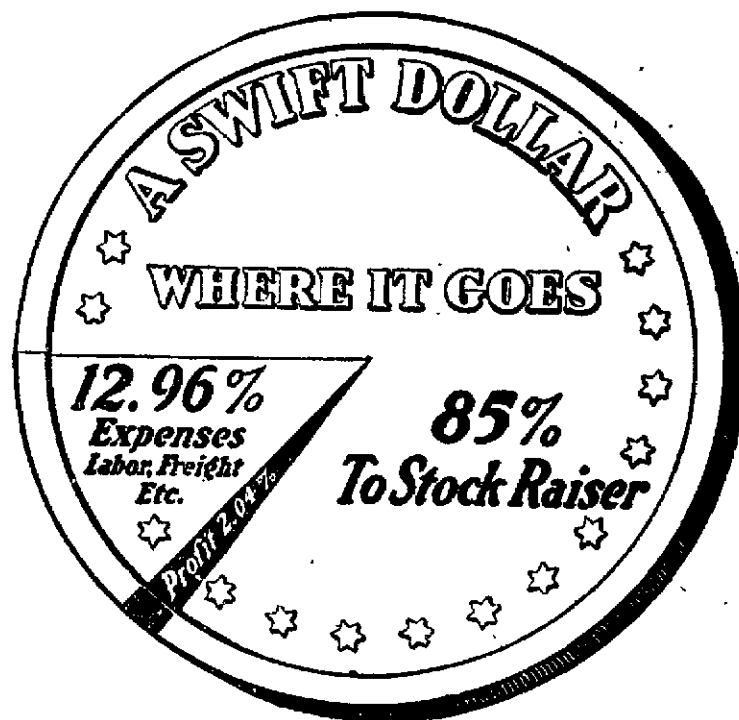
DANCE

A dance will be given in the College of Music Saturday evening, January 25. Music by the Guelichs. All who desire invitations can secure them by applying to Miss Ruth Lannon, at the Sugar Bowl, Third St. Admission \$1.00, ladies free.

LIBERTY BONDS

All Issues and Denominations
BOUGHT AND SOLD
Crawford, Patton & Cannon
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange and Philadelphia Stock Exchange
210-212 Morris Bldg., 1421 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia
Phones: Spruce 192, Race 620

The Swift Dollar for 1918



The above diagram shows the distribution of the average Swift dollar received from sales of beef, pork and mutton, and their by-products, during 1918.

1919 Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request.
Address Swift & Company
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

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Driggs ONE Night Fri. Eve Jan. 24

HARVEY D. ORR OFFERS
the happiest of all N. Y. musical comedy successes

"MISS BLUE EYES"

By Geo. V. Hobart
author of "Experience"

WITH

Music by Silvio Hein
composer of "Flo-Flo"

Original Big Cast And Production of Forty People

including Harvey Orr, Marjorie Bonner, Will Power and Oakes & DeLour sensational whirlwind dancers

3 Acts of Continuous Laughter—22 Real Song Hits and

Broadway's Prettiest Chorus

One solid Year at 39th St. Theatre, N. Y.

This attraction comes here recommended and announced as one of the best musical comedies booked here this year.

Special Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, and \$1.50, Mail Orders Now

Seat Sale opens Wednesday A. M. at Box Office. Get Yours Early.

BY GALE

(Continued From Page Two)



GLOBE THEATRE

TONIGHT

Neda Nova and J. Frank Glendon
With all star support in
"THE CHANGING WOMAN"
In 5 wonderful acts

VENGEANCE AND THE WOMAN

The Great Thriller

Admission 15c

Music by the Orchestra

TOMORROW

Special World Brady feature

With Current events

Secure your tickets early for

"OH LADY! LADY!"

Tonight and avoid rush and waiting



If you have a mind to adorn your
city by consecrated monuments, first
consecrate in yourself the most beautiful
monument of gentleness and justice
and benevolence—Epicurus.

HELPFUL HINTS AND ECONOMIES



FEW leaves of parsley, the same of celery, may be dried and put into a tight container, then in winter when a bit of such flavor is needed, here it is all ready, costing nothing. Since a current that is one too many to cook, and dry in the warming oven, dry a few mushrooms—in fact, dry almost any small bit and it will be useful later. A small handful of all these vegetables, dried and put together in a can, may be used as soup flavoring when needed.

Stalks of cauliflower may be cut in two lengthwise, tied in bundles and cooked, then served with a white or hollandaise sauce. The cooked stalks may also be used in salads.

A rich fish soup may be prepared by using the trimmings and water in which fish has been cooked. Add a bit of onion, mace and an equal amount of milk with the liquor and serve as a bisque.

A ham bone may be purchased at the market often at small cost. This, with cabbage, turnips, potatoes and carrots, will serve as a fine boiled dinner. Instead of cooking a whole head of cabbage for a meal, stuff one-half of it with any good flavored meat, with bread crumbs and seasoning; cook it in stock or gravy and use as a main dish. Another day shred the remainder and serve as coleslaw or as a salad. Some of it may be cooked, seasoned with salt, pepper, butter and milk, with a few crackers for thickening.

Was there a half cupful of rice, a spoonful of cereal of any kind left from breakfast? Save it and add it to the griddle cakes for breakfast or to the breakfast muffins.

Fruit butters, jellies and jams may be used on bread in place of butter but let us not forget that the growing child needs the growth determinants found in butter and milk. If the child drinks plenty of milk, the jellies may be used in place of butter very often.

Whole milk for the children, whatever the price, must never be forgotten. Use skim milk for a thousand and one dishes in which whole milk is used—for soups, sauces, puddings, etc.

Nellie Maxwell

OVER-EATING

is the root of nearly all digestive
trouble. If your digestion is weak or
out of kilter, better eat less and use

KI-MOIDS

the new aid to better digestion.
Pleasant to take—effective. Let
KI-moids help straighten out your
digestive troubles.

MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE

MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION

10c

Moulded 1-Piece Hot Water Bottle.

Moulding a hot water bottle
lengthens its life. There are
no seams to spring leaks. The
stopped grip is vulcanized right
into the rubber and the cap has
special packing to avoid leaks.
It's an exceptionally good

bottle at the price.

\$1.25

STEWART'S DRUG STORE
The San Tex Store

DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

BY MARY GRAMM BOWEN

ZUZEPPA, THE MONKEY.

"Zuzeppa," said Daddy, "was a monkey who had come from Africa. He lived in the zoo, where there were many other monkeys. He swung on his bars, ate good meals, made up faces, did tricks and kissed the keeper. Everyone liked him and he liked everyone."

"In fact he enjoyed nothing more than visits to the zoo of children and grown-ups. He would like it best when they stood before his cage so he could sit down and put his hands through the wires and shake a how-do-you-do with them."

"Then he would go flying off to swing, or turn a somersault or some sort of a trick, and when the people laughed he was absolutely delighted."

"I wanted to be as smart as any monkey here," he would say to himself, and by his ways the keeper knew he wanted to be taught tricks."

"You'd like to learn to do a number of smart things, eh Zuzeppa?" asked the keeper, and the monkey gave him a little hug and a kiss as though to say, "Oh, please teach me, keeper."

"The keeper understood and began teaching Zuzeppa all sorts of wonderful tricks. 'We'll have a special performance for you to give,' the keeper said one day."

"And for that special performance the monkey practiced so very, very hard. And the keeper was patient and showed the monkey how to do different



He Only Smoked for a Second or Two.

things many, many times over. The monkey was very quick and bright and learned everything remarkably quickly."

"The special performance was to be given on a day set aside by the keeper. Of course it couldn't be advertised all around as a circus could, but the keeper told all his special children friends who came to the zoo very often and they told their friends, and it got around so that for the day of the performance the monkey house was filled with children."

"Let me shake hands with the performer," the keeper said, and he shook hands with Zuzeppa. Then they each bowed, and the keeper said, "Now Zuzeppa will show you his circus tricks."

"So Zuzeppa hung by his tail and turned many somersaults, he swung back and forth and jumped and twisted and turned. He did the most marvelous of circus tricks and all the children clapped their hands and the other monkeys yelled and screamed, 'Well done, Zuzeppa!'"

"No one else knew what the monkeys meant but everyone knew they were excited. They weren't jealous of Zuzeppa, for they knew he wanted to learn tricks and be a trick-performing monkey. Besides he had worked hard enough to have the whole monkey house to himself for an afternoon."

"Now," said the keeper, "Zuzeppa will do his special trick. It has been done before by monkeys but Zuzeppa never did it before, and he has been practicing it so he could do it beautifully for this fine performance."

"The keeper took out a little wooden table and put a napkin upon it and a cloth. Then Zuzeppa spread the cloth over the table, reached down in a box the keeper had, and took out a knife and a fork and a spoon. He put all these on the table and then tied the napkin around his neck."

"Next he took a little broken chair which was in his cage and sat upon it."

"The keeper acted as the waiter, and passed things to Zuzeppa. And what do you suppose Zuzeppa did?"

"What?" asked the children.

"Zuzeppa behaved at that table just as though he were a real person. He ate with his fork and he cut with his knife. He peeled his banana which he had for dessert and then he ate it, wiping his mouth with his napkin."

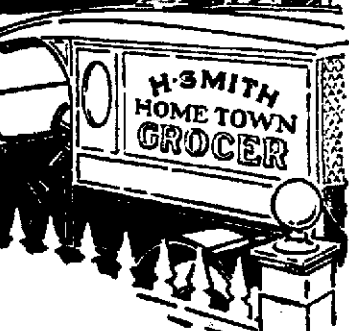
"But when he was all through his meal and had put his hands in a finger bowl to make them nice and clean, he took a pipe, which the keeper handed him, struck a match and lighted the pipe. He only smoked for a second or two, blowing the smoke out, as he didn't especially care for it. But oh, how happy he was when the children laughed and clapped their hands! And this is a true story!"

"Age for Wisdom."

Japan apparently is ruled by old men. Prince Yamagata, at the age of eighty-three, is still the center of political influence; Baron Shibusawa, in spite of his seventy-eight years, is constantly dragged from his would-be retirement; and Marquis Okuma, at seventy-nine, is still at the vortex of public affairs. It is reported that Japan attempts nothing of any great importance without the assistance of the influence of these three great old men.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward Bruner and little daughter Geraldine of Clearfield street spent Sunday with relatives at Grampian, Pa.

Daily Coffee of Your Grocer Only



THESE are days when every penny must buy the utmost in value; unnecessary things are tabooed. Remember this when you are asked to buy premium coffee—the kind that offers a glittering premium in order to hide its lack of strength and richness of flavor. Make your coffee money buy all coffee, always.

These reputable home-town grocers deserve your patronage!

CLEARFIELD, PA.

J. S. Beahan

Second St.

Wm. Boyce & Son

Cor. Nichol & Turnpike Ave.

M. A. Faust & Co.

Reed St.

Gilliland Bros.

Daisy Street

Overly Bros.

Daisy Street

Ross & Woods

Market St.

Shaw Bros.

Nichol Street

C. E. Shirey

Turnpike Ave.

Tobias Bros.

Second St.

Walker & Loy

Nichol St.

CURWENSVILLE, PA.

Bickford Store Co.

Curwensville, Pa.

J. W. Spencer of Turnpike avenue, received word today that his son Andrew J. Spencer is convalescing nicely in the hospital at Camp Stanley, Texas. The young man has been having a serious time as the result of an attack of pneumonia.

J. C. Cornell of Philadelphia, transacted business here yesterday.

PNEUMONIA
First, call a physician. Immediately commence the "emergency" treatment—
VICK'S VAPORUB
YOUR BODYGUARD
NEW PRICES—30c, 60c, \$1.20

GOVERNOR WILLIAM C. SPROUL TAKES HIS OFFICE AT HARRISBURG TODAY

(Continued From Page Five)

CONCLUSION

This is a long message, and yet I have barely touched upon the things of importance which should attract our attention. These are times of action and of movement and yet in this wonderful blessed State must arise the best that is in us to promote the happiness and welfare of our whole people. I have called about me finely qualified citizens, and I expect to have the aid of many very able men in the discharge of my duties of my office and I shall endeavor to do the same, and to maintain the peace and harmony in this State and for those who are working in the same way. In the language of that excellent man, the late Governor, "I shall try to accomplish in Pennsylvania, and we will try to help us all the time."

Gossip for Tonight's Tea Table

Miss Lucile Bagley, of DuBois, spent the weekend with Miss Genevieve McGee.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Bridge, of Cleveland, Ohio, are visiting at the home of Harry Wallace on Locust street.

E. E. Myers, of Altoona, transacted business in town yesterday.

Mrs. John Freeman of Grampian, was shopping in our stores yesterday.

Ed. Chase and Dr. Chase left last evening for Harrisburg, where they will attend the inauguration.

Miss Dorothy Postlewaite left this morning for her home in Huntingdon after spending a few days with friends here.

Mrs. Andy Paris of Curwensville, was shopping in our stores yesterday.

Squire Ruffalo of Madera, transacted business in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Eckart, of Curwensville, spent yesterday with friends in town.

Mrs. Don Schach left yesterday for DuBois after spending the weekend with her sister Miss Ruth Dempsey.

C. I. Nelson, of Pittsburgh, transacted business in town yesterday.

Miss Margaret Hinkle who has been visiting at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hinkle on Rice street, has returned to her home in DuBois.

S. J. Gray is attending to business in Hazleton today.

A. W. Lennan and Henry Dill left today to transact business in Warren and Kane.

Mrs. Dean Hile of Curwensville, was shopping in our stores yesterday. Sam Martin is spending a few days with friends in Harrisburg.

Miss Allison Hungary of Cross Roads, spent yesterday with friends here.

Miss Agnes Felford is visiting with friends and relatives in Philadelphia. Rex Pauer is home from Camp Forrest, Ga., having been mustered out of the service.

Mrs. Tom Casey of Curwensville, was shopping in town today.

Miss Janet Duckett was visiting with relatives in DuBois yesterday. Charles DeWemyer, of Kylertown, transacted business here yesterday.

Miss Florence Brand, of DuBois, is visiting Mrs. Alfred Brand on Eighth street.

Mrs. Thomas Duckett has returned from visiting her daughter Mrs. Lloyd Juvy of Stoneboro.

W. L. Johnson, the DuBois real estate man, was a business visitor to the court house this morning.

Mrs. Glen Schwartz and son Glenn, Jr. left this morning for Philipsburg where they will visit Mrs. Gaudin Kingle before returning to their home in Marietta.

STRENGTHENS KIDNEYS—PURIFIES BLOOD

You can't expect weak kidneys to filter the acids and poisons out of your system unless they are given a little help. Don't allow them to become diseased when a little attention now will prevent it. Don't try to cheat nature.

As soon as you commence to have backache, feel nervous and tired, GET JAL'S. These are usually warnings that your kidneys are not working properly.

Do not delay a minute. Go after the cause of your ailments or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease. GOLD MEDAL HARRISON OLD CAPSULES will give almost immediate relief from kidney troubles. GOLD MEDAL HARRISON OLD CAPSULES will do the work that the pure original Harrison Old Capsules reported direct from the laboratories in England, Holland. Ask your druggist for GOLD MEDAL HARRISON OLD CAPSULES. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on every box. These capsules will purify the blood. Money refunded if they do not quickly help you.

LEONARDSON'S

Our January Clearance Starts Another Week with Many New Offerings

Aside From The Hour Specials We Have Made Mention Of Many New Items That Have Been Placed In The January Clearance. Every One A Money Saver

Keen interest was manifested all last week in the offerings of the Annual January Clearance. Thriftily inclined women eagerly sought the savings that were so apparent when they compared values with prices. There are many more new offerings to come—watch for them.

Clearance Of Outings

30c Light and dark outings at 23c
35c Light and dark outing at 29c
45c Light outings, 36 inches wide, at ... 38c

Dress Goods

36-Inch wool skirting in plain grey and stripes, worth \$1.25 a yard today to close out, at, per yard

45c

\$1.25 Serge in white with black stripes, Clearance price, yard

59c

\$3.50 All wool black broadcloth 50 inches wide at, yard

\$1.95

Silks At Clearance Prices

\$1.50 Silk crepe poplin at \$1.19
\$3.00 All wool whipcord suiting at ... \$1.75
\$2.25 and \$2.50 36-Inch satins at ... \$1.95
\$1.75 36-Inch messalines at \$1.59
\$2.25 Plaid silks, 36 inches wide \$1.95
\$2.00 Satin plaid poplins, 36 in. wide, at \$1.75

Wool Dress Goods Half Price

These are odd pieces and remnants, there are serges, wool voiles, mohairs, wool crepe and novelties. There will be some wonderful bargains in this lot at 1-2 price. Come early.

Blankets

\$2.75 Cotton fleeced blankets, large size \$2.45
\$3.50 Cotton fleeced blankets, large size \$2.95
\$3.75 Cotton fleeced blankets, large size \$3.35
Plaid Blankets, Wool Finish
\$5.50 Plaid blankets, full size, at \$4.95
\$7.00 Plaid blankets, full size, at \$5.95
\$11.75 Wool blankets, plaid and plain, \$9.75

Clearance Of Percales

36 Inches wide, best quality. Light and dark patterns.

35c Percales reduced to 25c

40 Percales reduced to 35c

CLEARANCE OF GINGHAMS

45c 32-Inch wide gingham at, yard ... 38c

50c 32-Inch wide gingham at, yard ... 45c

ROBE FLANNEL

75c Robe flannel, dark designs, at, yard 60c

WIDE RIBBONS

Special lot of 50c wide fancy ribbons suitable for hair bows at, yard

39c

Hour Sales For Wednesday

9 To 10 A. M.

Best Amoskeag Apron Gingham 21c yd for one hour only at

10 TO 11 A. M.

Special Lot Of Children's 1-2 Price Scarf Sets At

11 TO 12 A. M.

Children's Fur Sets 1-2 Price at

A. W. LEONARDSON CO.

Anthracite is more valuable for heating purposes than any other coal. It contains as much as ninety-eight parts in a hundred of pure carbon, while bituminous coal averages only about eighty parts of carbon in a hundred.

The one modern instance of a Peace being arranged by the military commanders and not by statesmen was in the Boer War when Lord Kitchener arranged the Peace of Vereeniging with the Boers. Smuts, Delarey, and Hertzog.

Things can be said in English much more quickly than in any other language, because English is made up of an extraordinary extent of words of one syllable.

MEAT CAUSE OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take Salts to Flush Kidneys if Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sour, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you

to seek relief two or three times during the night. To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush out the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jal Salts from any pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then set fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness. Jal Salts is inexpensive, cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.

Men who work in blast furnaces are singularly free from influenza, a fact for which the medical profession has been unable to determine the reason.